

# The Royal Bank of Scotland plc

Contents	Page
Forward-looking statements	3
Presentation of information	4
Annex I: Key metrics and overview of risk-weighted assets	
RBS plc - Key points	5
UK KM1: Key metrics	6

## Forward-looking statements

This document may include forward-looking statements within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, such as statements with respect to RBS plc's financial condition, results of operations and business, including its strategic priorities, financial, investment and capital targets, and climate and sustainability related targets, commitments and ambitions described herein. Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about RBS plc's beliefs and expectations, are forward-looking statements. Words such as 'expect', 'estimate', 'project', 'anticipate', 'commit', 'believe', 'should', 'intend', 'will', 'plan', 'could', 'target', 'goal', 'objective', 'may', 'outlook', 'prospects' and similar expressions or variations on these expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. In particular, this document may include forward-looking statements relating, but not limited to: RBS plc's credit risk; its regulatory capital position and related requirements, its financial position, profitability and financial performance, its liquidity and funding risk and non-traded market risk. Forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that might cause actual results and performance to differ materially from any expected future results or performance expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to differences in current expectations include, but are not limited to, the outcome of legal, regulatory and governmental actions and investigations, the level and extent of future impairments and writedowns, legislative, political, fiscal and regulatory developments, accounting standards, competitive conditions, technological developments, interest and exchange rate fluctuations, general economic and political conditions and uncertainties, the exposure to third party risk, operational risk, compliance and conduct risk, cyber, data and IT risk, financial crime risk, key person risk, credit rating risk, model risk, reputational risk and the impact of climate and sustainability related risks and the transitioning to a net zero economy. These and other factors, risks and uncertainties that may impact any forward-looking statement or RBS plc's actual results are discussed in RBS plc's 2024 Annual Report and Accounts (ARA), and its other public filings. The forward-looking statements contained in this document speak only as of the date of this document and RBS plc does not assume or undertake any obligation or responsibility to update any of the forward-looking statements contained in this document, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except to the extent legally required.

### Presentation of information

This document presents the Pillar 3 disclosures for The Royal Bank of Scotland plc (RBS plc) at 30 September 2025. It should be read in conjunction with the Q3 2025 NatWest Holdings Group Pillar 3 report, which is published in the same location at investors.natwestgroup.com/reports-archive/2025.

RBS plc is incorporated in the United Kingdom and is a subsidiary of NatWest Holdings Limited ('NWH Ltd'). NatWest Group plc is 'the ultimate holding company'. The term 'NatWest Group' refers to NatWest Group plc and its subsidiary and associated undertakings.

Based on the criteria set out in the UK CRR, NatWest Group primarily defines its large subsidiaries in scope of PRA Pillar 3 disclosures as those designated as an Other Systemically Important Institution (O-SII) by the PRA or those with total assets equal to or greater than €30 billion.

As a large, non-listed subsidiary of NatWest Group, RBS plc is subject to a reduced number of disclosures as set out in the PRA Rulebook.

The disclosures for RBS plc are calculated in accordance with the UK CRR (split across primary legislation and the PRA Rulebook) and completed in accordance with the Disclosure (CRR) part of the PRA Rulebook.

The liquidity disclosures completed at UK Domestic Liquidity Subgroup (UK DoLSub) level are published in the NatWest Holdings Group Pillar 3 report. The UK DoLSub waiver allows NWB Plc, RBS plc and Coutts & Co to manage liquidity and funding as a single sub-group rather than at an entity level.

Within this document, row and column references are based on those prescribed in the PRA templates. Any rows or columns that are not applicable have not been shown however explanations have been added as appropriate.

In this report, in line with the regulatory framework, the term credit risk excludes counterparty credit risk, unless specifically indicated otherwise.

The Pillar 3 disclosures are presented in pounds sterling ('£') and have not been subject to external audit.

For definitions of terms refer to the Glossary and Acronyms document available on investors.natwestgroup.com/reports-archive/2024

Annex I: Key metrics and overview of risk-weighted assets RBS plc - Key points

**CET1** ratio

12.9%

(Q2 2025 - 11.3%)

The CET1 ratio increased by 160 basis points to 12.9% due to a £0.3 billion increase in CET1 capital and a £0.2 billion decrease in RWAs. The CET1 capital increase was driven by a profit in the period of £0.3 billion.

**UK leverage ratio** 

6.5%

(Q2 2025 - 5.9%)

The leverage ratio increased by 60 basis points to 6.5% due to a £0.3 billion increase in Tier 1 capital and a £0.2 billion decrease in leverage exposure. The key drivers of the leverage exposure movement were a decrease in off balance sheet items offset by an increase in other financial assets.

**RWAs** 

£17.3bn

(Q2 2025 - £17.5 billion)

Total RWAs decreased by £0.2 billion to £17.3 billion mainly reflecting a decrease in credit risk RWAs, primarily driven by reductions as a result of RWA management actions, movements in risk metrics partially offset by lending growth.

# Annex I: Key metrics and overview of risk-weighted assets continued

# UK KM1: Key metrics

The table below provides a summary of the main prudential regulation ratios and measures based on current PRA rules.

	30 September	30 June	31 March 3	1 December	30 September
	2025	2025	2025	2025	2024
Availabe own funds (amounts)	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Common equity tier 1 (CET1) capital	2,234	1,967	2,226	1,956	2,349
2 Tier 1 capital	2,734	2,467	2,726	2,456	2,849
3 Total capital	3,293	3,028	3,305	3,080	3,431
Risk-weighted exposure amounts	47.004	47.404	47.570	47.504	47.540
4 Total risk-weighted exposure amount	17,324	17,484	17,578	17,591	17,540
Capital ratios (as a percentage of risk-weighted exposure amount)	40.0	44.0	40.7	44.4	40.4
Common equity tier 1 ratio (%)	12.9	11.3	12.7	11.1	13.4
6 Tier 1 ratio (%)	15.8	14.1	15.5	14.0	16.2
7 Total capital ratio (%)	19.0	17.3	18.8	17.5	19.6
Additional own funds requirements based on SREP (as a percentage					
of risk-weighted exposure amount)	4.0	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
UK 7a Additional CET1 SREP requirements (%)	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
UK 76 Additional AT1 SREP requirements (%)	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
UK 7c Additional Tier 2 SREP requirements (%)	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
UK 7d Total SREP own funds requirements (%)	10.3	10.6	10.6	10.6	10.6
Combined buffer requirement (as a percentage					
of risk-weighted exposure amount)	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
8 Capital conservation buffer (%)	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
9 Institution specific countercyclical capital buffer (%) (3)	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
11 Combined buffer requirement (%)	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4
UK 110 Overall capital requirements (%)	14.7	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
12 CET1 available after meeting the total SREP own funds requirements (%)	7.1	5.3	6.7	5.2	7.4
Leverage ratio	7.1	5.3	0.7	5.2	7.4
	41,828	42,054	41,398	42,687	42.730
Total exposure measure excluding claims on central banks Leverage ratio excluding claims on central banks (%)	6.5	42,034 5.9	41,396 6.6	5.8	42,730
Additional leverage ratio disclosure requirements (4)	0.5	3.7	0.0	5.0	0.7
UK 14a Fully loaded ECL accounting model leverage ratio excluding					
claims on central banks (%)					
UK 14b Leverage ratio including claims on central banks (%)					
UK 14c Average leverage ratio excluding claims on central banks (%)					
UK 14d Average leverage ratio including claims on central banks (%)					
UK 14e Countercyclical leverage ratio buffer (%)					
Liquidity coverage ratio (5)					
15 Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA) (weighted value-average)					
UK 16a Cash outflows - Total weighted value					
UK 16b Cash inflows - Total weighted value					
Total net cash outflows (adjusted value)					
17 Liquidity coverage ratio (%)					
Net stable funding ratio (5)					
18 Total available stable funding					
19 Total required stable funding					
20 NSFR ratio (%)					
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<sup>(1)</sup> The following rows are not presented in the table above as not applicable: UK8a, UK9a, 10 and UK10a.

<sup>(2)</sup> RBS plc elected to take advantage of the IFRS 9 transitional capital adjustments in respect of ECL provisions, which were maintained until 31 December 2024. Prior period comparatives for CET1 capital, RWAs and leverage include the impact of those adjustments where applicable.

<sup>(3)</sup> The institution specific countercyclical capital buffer (CCyB) requirement is based on the weighted average of the buffer rates in effect for the countries in which institutions have exposures. The UK CCyB rate is currently being maintained at 2%.

 <sup>(4)</sup> RBS plc is not an LREQ firm therefore not subject to the additional leverage ratio disclosure requirements.
 (5) Under the UK DoLSub waiver RBS plc liquidity is managed and disclosed at the sub-group level rather than entity level.