

Q3 2019 Interim Management Statement

The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc Q3 2019 Interim Management Statement

RBS reported an operating loss before tax of £8 million, which included a £900 million provision in respect of Payment Protection Insurance (PPI), compared with an operating profit of £961 million in Q3 2018.

- Return on tangible equity was 7.0% for Q3 2019 excluding the PPI charge.
- Income was broadly stable across the retail and commercial businesses compared with Q2 2019, excluding notable items.
- Group income was impacted by a particularly challenging quarter in NatWest Markets (NWM).
- RBS reported an attributable loss of £315 million for Q3 2019.

Supporting our customers through continued lending growth

- UK Personal Banking (UK PB) gross new mortgage lending was £8.6 billion in Q3 2019 compared with £6.7 billion in Q2 2019.
- Commercial Banking net lending was £0.1 billion higher than Q2 2019. Across Business Banking, SME & Mid-Corporate, and Specialised business, lending continues to increase, with year to date growth of £1.6 billion.
- We continue to achieve net lending growth across UK PB, Ulster Bank Rol, Commercial and Private Banking at attractive returns; net loans to customers increased by 3.2% on an annualised basis for the year to date, exceeding our 2-3% net loan growth target.
- Q3 2019 net impairment loss of £213 million equates to 26 basis points of gross customer loans, compared with 31 basis points in Q3 2018. The cost of risk remains below our view of a normalised long term loss rate of 30-40 basis points.

Continuing competitive market

- Across the retail and commercial businesses, income decreased by 3.1% compared with Q3 2018 excluding notable items.
- Bank net interest margin (NIM) of 1.97% was 5 basis points lower than Q2 2019 primarily reflecting the contraction of the yield curve and competitive pressures in the mortgage business as front book margins, whilst higher than Q2 2019, remain lower than back book margins.
- NWM had a challenging quarter with core income of £184 million, lower by £147 million, or 44.4%, than
 Q3 2018. Rates income in particular was impacted by a deterioration in economic sentiment for the
 global economy and a fall in bond yields. This, together with legacy items culminated in a loss of £193
 million for the guarter.
- Costs decreased by £20 million in comparison to Q3 2018, with a £193 million cost reduction achieved for the year to date. We remain on track to achieve our £300 million target for full year 2019.

Capital generation

- CET1 ratio of 15.7% included a 50 basis point reduction in respect of the PPI charge.
- RWAs increased by £1.0 billion in Q3 2019 to £189.5 billion, principally reflecting an increase in NWM. In line with previous guidance, we expect to end the year with RWAs of around £185-190 billion.

2019 and 2020 outlook – unchanged⁽¹⁾

We retain the outlook provided in the 2019 Interim Results.

Note:

(1) The targets, expectations and trends discussed in this section represent management's current expectations and are subject to change, including as a result of the factors described in the "Risk Factors" section on pages 253 to 263 of the 2018 Annual Report and Accounts and the Summary Risk Factors on pages 46 and 47 of the 2019 Interim Results. These statements constitute forward-looking statements. Refer to Forward-looking statements in this announcement.

Business performance summary

	Nine mont	hs ended		Quarter ended	
	30 September	30 September	30 September	30 June	30 September
Performance key metrics and ratios	2019	2018	2019	2019	2018
Operating profit/(loss) before tax	£2,686m	£2,787m	(£8m)	£1,681m	£961m
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	£1,723m	£1,336m	(£315m)	£1,331m	£448m
Bank net interest margin (RBS NIM excluding NWM) (1)	2.02%	2.10%	1.97%	2.02%	2.04%
Bank average interest earning assets (RBS excluding NWM) (1)	£410bn	£408bn	£416bn	£410bn	£416bn
Cost:income ratio (1)	67.5%	69.1%	92.9%	52.6%	66.7%
Loan impairment rate (1)	22bps	16bps	26bps	30bps	31bps
Earnings per share					
- basic	14.3p	11.1p	(2.6p)	11.0p	3.7p
- basic fully diluted	14.2p	11.1p	(2.6p)	11.0p	3.7p
Return on tangible equity (1)	6.8%	5.3%	(3.8%)	15.8%	5.4%
Average tangible equity	£34bn	£34bn	£33bn	£34bn	£33bn
Average number of ordinary shares					
outstanding during the period (millions)					
- basic	12,064	11,998	12,075	12,069	12,034
- fully diluted (2)	12,099	12,053	12,106	12,104	12,083

	30 September	30 June	31 December
Balance sheet key metrics and ratios	2019	2019	2018
Total assets	£776.5bn	£729.9bn	£694.2bn
Funded assets (1)	£600.7bn	£584.3bn	£560.9bn
Loans to customers - amortised cost	£319.5bn	£310.6bn	£305.1bn
Impairment provisions	£3.3bn	£3.2bn	£3.3bn
Customer deposits	£369.7bn	£361.6bn	£360.9bn
Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR)	148%	154%	158%
Liquidity portfolio	£193bn	£203bn	£198bn
Net stable funding ratio (NSFR) (3)	140%	140%	141%
Loan:deposit ratio (1)	86%	86%	85%
Total wholesale funding	£78bn	£78bn	£74bn
Short-term wholesale funding	£19bn	£19bn	£15bn
Common Equity Tier (CET1) ratio	15.7%	16.0%	16.2%
Total capital ratio	20.5%	20.9%	21.8%
Pro forma CET 1 ratio, pre dividend accrual (4)	15.9%	17.1%	16.9%
Risk-weighted assets (RWAs)	£189.5bn	£188.5bn	£188.7bn
CRR leverage ratio	5.0%	5.2%	5.4%
UK leverage ratio	5.7%	5.9%	6.2%
Tangible net asset value (TNAV) per ordinary share	272p	290p	287p
Tangible net asset value (TNAV) per ordinary share - fully diluted (1,2)	272p	289p	286p
Tangible equity	£32,930m	£35,036m	£34,566m
Number of ordinary shares in issue (millions)	12,094	12,091	12,049
Number of ordinary shares in issue (millions) - fully diluted (2,5)	12,124	12,124	12,088

Notes:

- (1) Refer to the Appendix for details of basis of preparation and reconciliation of non-IFRS financial and performance measures.
- Includes the effect of dilutive share options and convertible securities. Dilutive shares on an average basis for Q3 2019 were 31 million shares and for nine months ended 30 September 2019 were 35 million shares; (Q2 2019 35 million shares, Q3 2018 49 million shares; nine months ended 30 September 2018 -55 million shares), and as at 30 September 2019 were 30 million shares (30 June 2019 - 33 million shares; 31 December 2018 - 39 million shares).
- (3) NSFR reported in line with CRR2 regulations finalised in June 2019.
- (4) The pro forma CET 1 ratio at 30 September 2019 excluded a charge of £362 million (3p per share) for a foreseeable dividend. 30 June 2019 excluded a charge of £241 million (2p per share) for the interim dividend, a special dividend of £1,449 million (12p per share) and a foreseeable dividend related to interim profits of £363 million (3p per share). 31 December 2018 excluded a charge of £422 million (3.5p per share) for the final dividend and £904 million (7.5p per share) for the special dividend paid following the Annual General Meeting held on 25 April 2019.

 (5) Includes 16 million treasury shares (30 June 2019 - 17 million shares; 31 December 2018 - 8 million shares).

Re-segmentation

Refer to Note 1 for details of re-segmentation effective from 1 January 2019 and re-stated comparatives.

Non-IFRS financial measures

This document contains a number of non-IFRS financial measures and performance metrics not defined under IFRS. For details of the basis of preparation and reconciliations where appropriate refer to the Appendix.

Summary consolidated income statement for the period ended 30 September 2019

				Quarter ended		
	30 September	30 September	30 September	30 June	30 September	
	2019	2018*	2019	2019	2018*	
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	
Net interest income	6,010	6,480	2,006	1,971	2,154	
Own credit adjustments	(58)	59	(12)	(3)	20	
Strategic disposals	1,035	-	-	1,035	-	
Other non-interest income	3,033	3,805	909	1,077	1,468	
Non-interest income	4,010	3,864	897	2,109	1,488	
Total income	10,020	10,344	2,903	4,080	3,642	
Litigation and conduct costs	(810)	(1,190)	(750)	(55)	(389)	
Strategic costs	(844)	(649)	(215)	(434)	(299)	
Other expenses	(5,144)	(5,337)	(1,733)	(1,673)	(1,753)	
Operating expenses	(6,798)	(7,176)	(2,698)	(2,162)	(2,441)	
Profit before impairment losses	3,222	3,168	205	1,918	1,201	
Impairment losses	(536)	(381)	(213)	(237)	(240)	
Operating profit/(loss) before tax	2,686	2,787	(8)	1,681	961	
Tax (charge)/credit	(395)	(1,090)	(201)	22	(381)	
Profit/(loss) for the period	2,291	1,697	(209)	1,703	580	
	,	,	(22,	,		
Attributable to:	4 700	4.000	(0.45)	4 004	440	
Ordinary shareholders	1,723	1,336	(315)	1,331	448	
Other owners	307	355	105 1	102 270	110	
Non-controlling interests	261	6	1	270	22	
Nietelei itane within total income		.		<u>.</u>		
Notable items within total income Alawwal bank merger gain in NatWest Markets	444	_		444		
FX recycling gain in Central items & other	290	-	-	290	-	
Legacy liability release in Central items & other	250 256	-	_	256	-	
Insurance indemnity	230	272		200	272	
of which:						
NatWest Markets	_	165	_	-	165	
Central items & other	_	107	_	-	107	
IFRS volatility in Central items & other (1)	(34)	(34)	(51)	21	77	
UK PB debt sale gain	18	26	16	-	_	
FX gains/(losses) in Central items & other	22	(7)	2	_	(11)	
Commercial Banking fair value and disposal (loss)/gain	(17)	1 7 9	_	(15)	(13)	
NatWest Markets legacy business disposal (loss)/gain	(35)	(43)	(8)	(23)	14	
Notable items within operating expenses						
Push payment fraud costs	(25)	_	(7)	(18)	_	
Litigation and conduct costs	(810)	(1,190)	(750)	(55)	(389)	
of which:	(3.30)	(- ,)	(1.2.2)	()	()	
US RMBS	169	(823)	162	7	(21)	
PPI	(900)	(200)	(900)		(200 <u>)</u>	

^{*}Restated. Refer to Note 2 for further details.

Note:
(1) IFRS volatility relates to loans which are economically hedged but for which hedge accounting is not permitted under IFRS.

Business performance summary Personal & Ulster UK Personal Banking

	Qua	rter endec	<u> </u>		As at			
	30 September	30 June	30 September		30 September	30 June	31 December	
	2019	2019	2018		2019	2019	2018	
	£m	£m	£m		£bn	£bn	£bn	
Total income	1,224	1,202	1,257	Net loans to customers -		•		
Operating expenses	(1,601)	(594)	(819)	amortised cost	154.6	151.9	148.9	
Impairment losses	(131)	(69)	(66)	Customer deposits	147.9	147.5	145.3	
Operating profit	(508)	539	372	RWAs	37.5	37.0	34.3	
Return on equity	(26.8%)	26.5%	19.4%					
Net interest margin	2.44%	2.51%	2.65%					
Cost:income ratio	130.8%	49.4%	65.2%					
Loan impairment rate	34bps	18bps	18bps					

- UK PB has 6.8 million regular mobile app users and 8.8 million digitally active customers, representing 73% of
 active current account customers. Total digital sales volumes increased by 25% compared with Q3 2018, now
 representing 51% of all sales. 58% of personal unsecured loan sales, 68% of credit card accounts and 53% of
 current accounts opened were via the digital channel.
- Total income was £33 million, or 2.6%, lower than Q3 2018, impacted by an IFRS 9 accounting change for interest in suspense recoveries of £8 million offset in impairments, and a £16 million increase in debt sale gains. Excluding these items, income was £41 million, or 3.3%, lower than Q3 2018 reflecting lower overall mortgage margins. Net interest margin decreased by 7 basis points compared with Q2 2019 reflecting the lower yield curve, impacting deposit margins and mortgage margin pressure as front book margins, whilst higher than Q2 2019, remain lower than back book margin.
- Excluding strategic, litigation and conduct costs, operating expenses increased by £26 million, or 4.5%, compared with Q3 2018 reflecting increased fraud costs due to a revised customer refund approach for authorised push payment scams, annual pay award and increased technology and innovation costs, partially offset by a 6% reduction in headcount.
- Litigation and conduct costs include a £900 million charge in respect of PPI claims following greater than predicted complaints volumes in the lead up to the 29 August 2019 deadline.
- Impairment losses were £65 million higher than Q3 2018 reflecting lending growth, lower debt sale recoveries
 and IFRS 9 modelling adjustments. Underlying defaults have increased slightly since Q3 2018, however the
 trend is starting to flatten following risk appetite tightening. The uplift in impairment losses relative to Q2 2019
 includes an additional charge in respect of increased economic uncertainty and IFRS 9 modelling adjustments.
- Compared with Q2 2019, net loans to customers increased by £2.7 billion as a result of strong gross new mortgage lending of £8.6 billion in the quarter, with market flow share of approximately 12%, supporting a stock share of approximately 10%. Personal advances increased by £0.2 billion and cards balances increased by £0.1 billion with cards growth supported by the re-entry to the 0% balance transfer market in Q2 2019.
- RWAs increased by £0.5 billion compared with Q2 2019, reflecting strong lending growth across all products.

Business performance summary Personal & Ulster Ulster Bank Rol

	Quarter ended				As at			
	30 September	30 June	30 September		30 September	30 June	31 December	
	2019	2019	2018		2019	2019	2018	
	€m	€m	€m		€bn	€bn	€bn	
Total income	161	158	169	Net loans to customers -				
Operating expenses	(146)	(166)	(188)	amortised cost	21.4	21.2	21.0	
Impairment				Customer deposits	21.3	21.3	20.1	
releases/(losses)	19	11	(68)	RWAs	15.0	15.8	16.4	
Operating profit/(loss)	34	3	(87)					
Return on equity	5.8%	0.6%	(12.7%)					
Net interest margin	1.55%	1.62%	1.72%					
Cost:income ratio	90.3%	105.1%	110.6%					
Loan impairment rate	(34)bps	(20)bps	119bps					

- Ulster Bank Rol continues to deliver digital enhancements, including paperless processes that simplify the
 everyday banking experience for customers. 70% of active personal current account customers are now
 choosing to bank through digital channels, with mobile payments and transfers 29% higher compared with Q3
 2018.
- Total income was €8 million, or 4.7%, lower than Q3 2018 primarily reflecting the sale of a portfolio of non-performing loans (NPL) and an IFRS 9 accounting change for interest in suspense recoveries of €6 million. Net interest margin decreased by 7 basis points compared with Q2 2019 mainly due to the IFRS 9 accounting change which took effect late in Q2 2019.
- Excluding strategic, conduct and litigation costs, operating expenses decreased by €12 million, or 8.3%, compared with Q3 2018 due to the timing of project costs, reduced pension costs and the impact of other cost saving initiatives, partially offset by higher levies.
- A net impairment release of €19 million in Q3 2019 principally reflects the net impact of an improvement in the performance of the non-performing loan portfolio and NPL deleveraging, partly offset by a charge for economic uncertainty.
- Net loans to customers increased by €0.2 billion compared with Q2 2019 primarily driven by growth in the commercial loan portfolio.
- On 8 October 2019 Ulster Bank Ireland DAC confirmed the sale of a portfolio of non-performing mortgages of €0.8 billion. This sale is consistent with our strategic objective to build a strong and sustainable bank and to reduce the percentage of non-performing loans on our balance sheet. The affected loans remain on the bank's balance sheet at 30 September 2019 and will be de-recognised during 2020.

Business performance summary Commercial & Private Banking Commercial Banking

	Quai	Quarter ended			As at			
	30 September	30 June	30 September		30 September	30 June	31 December	
	2019	2019	2018		2019	2019	2018	
	£m	£m	£m		£bn	£bn	£bn	
Total income	1,077	1,083	1,096	Net loans to customers -				
Operating expenses	(638)	(622)	(583)	amortised cost	101.5	101.4	101.4	
Impairment losses	(108)	(197)	(107)	Customer deposits	135.7	133.4	134.4	
Operating profit	331	264	406	RWAs	77.0	77.8	78.4	
Return on equity	8.4%	6.2%	9.6%					
Net interest margin	1.90%	1.97%	2.00%					
Cost:income ratio	57.9%	56.1%	51.8%					
Loan impairment rate	42bps	77bps	41bps					

- Total income was £19 million, or 1.7%, lower than Q3 2018 as lower asset volumes and deposit income were
 partially offset by £13 million of fair value and disposal losses in Q3 2018. Net interest margin decreased by 7
 basis points compared with Q2 2019 due to lower deposit funding benefits.
- Excluding strategic, litigation and conduct costs, operating expenses increased by £24 million, or 4.5%, compared
 with Q3 2018 due to additional authorised push payment fraud costs in line with new industry practice, combined
 with higher remediation, innovation and technology spend.
- Impairment losses of £108 million, which included charges in respect of increased economic uncertainty and IFRS 9 modelling adjustments, were in line with Q3 2018 but were £89 million lower than Q2 2019.
- Net loans to customers increased by £0.1 billion compared with Q2 2019. Lending across Business Banking, SME & Mid-Corporate and Specialised business increased by £0.1 billion in comparison to Q2 2019, with year to date growth of £1.6 billion.
- RWAs decreased by £0.8 billion compared with Q2 2019 due to active capital management and business transfers of £0.3 billion.

Private Banking

	Quarter ended				As at			
	30 September	30 June	30 September		30 September	30 June	31 December	
	2019	2019	2018		2019	2019	2018	
	£m	£m	£m		£bn	£bn	£bn	
Total income	198	191	195	Net loans to customers				
Operating expenses	(119)	(115)	(110)	 amortised cost 	15.2	14.7	14.3	
Impairment								
releases/(losses)	2	(1)	(1)	Customer deposits	28.2	28.0	28.4	
Operating profit	81	75	84	RWAs	10.0	9.7	9.4	
Return on equity	16.8%	15.9%	17.3%	AUMs	22.5	21.9	19.8	
Net interest margin	2.35%	2.44%	2.54%	Assets Under				
Cost:income ratio	60.1%	60.2%	56.4%	Administration (1)	7.1	7.0	6.6	
				Total Assets Under				
				Management and				
				Administration (AUMA)	29.6	28.9	26.4	

Note:

- (1) Private Banking manages assets under management portfolios on behalf of UK PB and RBSI. Prior to Q4 2018, the assets under management portfolios of UK PB and RBSI were not included. Private Banking receives a management fee from UK PB and clients of RBSI in respect of providing this service.
- Total income was £3 million, or 1.5%, higher than Q3 2018, as volume growth and one-off benefits related to hedging income gains were partially offset by lower deposit income. Net interest margin decreased by 9 basis points compared with Q2 2019 primarily due to lower deposit funding benefits.
- Excluding strategic, litigation and conduct costs, operating expenses were £1 million, or 0.9%, lower than Q3 2018 due to a reduction in back office operations costs.
- Net loans to customers increased by £0.5 billion in comparison to Q2 2019, mainly due to mortgage lending.
- Total assets under management in Private Banking increased by £0.6 billion, or 2.7%, in comparison with Q2 2019 reflecting investment performance of £0.4 billion and net new business inflows of £0.2 billion.
- Total assets under management and administration overseen by Private Banking increased by £0.7 billion, or 2.4%, compared with Q2 2019 reflecting investment performance of £0.5 billion and net new business inflows of £0.2 billion.

Business performance summary RBS International

	Qua	Quarter ended			As at			
	30 September	30 June	30 September		30 September	30 June	31 December	
	2019	2019	2018		2019	2019	2018	
	£m	£m	£m		£bn	£bn	£bn	
Total income	150	159	155	Net loans to customers -		•		
Operating expenses	(62)	(60)	(60)	amortised cost	13.8	13.6	13.3	
Impairment losses	_	2	(3)	Customer deposits	29.1	28.1	27.5	
Operating profit	88	101	92	RWAs	6.5	6.9	6.9	
Return on equity	26.0%	30.8%	26.9%					
Net interest margin	1.55%	1.68%	1.73%					
Cost:income ratio	41.3%	37.7%	38.7%					

- The Institutional Banking electronic platform, eQ, is receiving positive Net Promoter Score (NPS) ratings and within our local banking business, 321, or 68%, of approved savings account applications by customers were paperless or required no signatures in Q3 2019, an increase of 34% in comparison to Q2 2019.
- Total income was £5 million, or 3.2%, lower than Q3 2018 reflecting deposit pricing initiatives and lower funding income. Net interest margin decreased by 13 basis points compared with Q2 2019 principally due to the impact of US rate movements on our Institutional Banking business and increased central bank balances.
- Excluding strategic costs, operating expenses were flat on Q3 2018 as lower back office operations costs were
 offset by headcount increases associated with becoming a standalone bank.
- Net loans to customers increased by £0.2 billion compared with Q2 2019 due to activity in the Institutional Banking sector, and continues to show year on year growth. Customer deposits increased by £1.0 billion compared with Q2 2019 due to activity across all customer sectors.

NatWest Markets

	Qua	rter ende	d		As at			
	30 September	30 June	30 September		30 September	30 June	31 December	
	2019	2019	2018		2019	2019	2018	
	£m	£m	£m		£bn	£bn	£bn	
Total income	150	686	569	Funded Assets	142.7	133.4	111.4	
of which: Core income excluding				RWAs	43.8	41.4	44.9	
own credit adjustments	184	325	331					
of which: Legacy income	(23)	366	218					
of which: Own credit adjustments	(11)	(5)	20					
Operating expenses	(348)	(344)	(478)					
Impairment releases/(losses)	5	20	(4)					
Operating (loss)/profit	(193)	362	87					
Return on equity	(8.7%)	4.4%	1.8%					
Cost:income ratio	232.0%	50.1%	84.0%					

Note:

- (1) The NatWest Markets operating segment should not be assumed to be the same as the NatWest Markets Plc legal entity or group. NatWest Markets Plc entity includes the Central items & other segment but excludes NatWest Markets N.V. for statutory reporting.
- Total income decreased by £419 million to £150 million compared with Q3 2018, primarily reflecting insurance indemnity recoveries in the prior year and lower core income in Q3 2019. Core income of £184 million decreased by £147 million, or 44.4%, compared with Q3 2018. The reduction was due to challenging market conditions, principally affecting Rates income, most significantly during August. Rates income was impacted due to elevated hedging costs caused by reduced liquidity and wider bid-offer spreads, as the market experienced sustained curve flattening across global fixed income markets.
- Excluding strategic, litigation and conduct costs, operating expenses increased by £10 million, or 3.7%, compared with Q3 2018 reflecting an elevated level of provision release in the prior year, costs associated with becoming a standalone bank and investment in NatWest Markets N.V..
- RWAs increased by £2.4 billion in the quarter largely due to the requirement to hold higher capital on derivative assets driven by market moves in August and September.

Central items & other

	Qua	rter ende	d
-	30 September	30 June	30 September
	2019	2019	2018
	£m	£m	£m
Central items not allocated	162	337	(4)

Central items not allocated represent a gain of £162 million in the quarter, principally reflecting reimbursement
of £162 million under indemnification agreements relating to residential mortgage-backed securities. Excluding
strategic, litigation and conduct costs, operating expenses decreased by £70 million reflecting one-off releases
and innovation and other costs that were held centrally in Q3 2018 but are now allocated to the franchises.
Across RBS, costs reduced by £20 million compared with Q3 2018.

			Nine mon	ths ended 3	0 September 201	9		
	Personal &	Ulster	Commercial &	Private	-		Central	
	UK Personal	Ulster	Commercial	Private	RBS	NatWest	items &	Total
	Banking	Bank Rol	Banking	Banking	International	Markets	other (1)	RBS
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Income statement								
Net interest income	3,118	302	2,127	391	361	(184)	(105)	6,010
Non-interest income	553	125	1,115	191	99	890	60	3,033
Own credit adjustments	-	1	-	-	-	(58)	(1)	(58)
Strategic disposals	-	-	-	-	-	444	591	1,035
Total income	3,671	428	3,242	582	460	1,092	545	10,020
Direct expenses			·	•		·		
- staff costs	(470)	(159)	(568)	(122)	(89)	(508)	(816)	(2,732)
- other costs	(259)	(70)	(229)	(52)	(37)	(128)	(1,637)	(2,412)
Indirect expenses	(1,032)	(131)	(863)	(145)	(40)	(246)	2,457	-
Strategic costs								
- direct	(8)	(12)	(37)	-	(9)	(104)	(674)	(844)
- indirect	(143)	(19)	(153)	(30)	(6)	(37)	388	-
Litigation and conduct costs	(918)	(21)	(50)	(2)	-	(3)	184	(810)
Operating expenses	(2,830)	(412)	(1,900)	(351)	(181)	(1,026)	(98)	(6,798)
Operating profit before impairment (losses)/releases	841	16	1,342	231	279	66	447	3,222
Impairment (losses)/releases	(312)	38	(310)	5	3	41	(1)	(536)
Operating profit	529	54	1,032	236	282	107	446	2,686
Additional information		-	·					
Return on equity (2)	7.8%	3.4%	8.7%	16.7%	28.5%	(2.2%)	nm	6.8%
Cost:income ratio (2)	77.1%	96.3%	57.2%	60.3%	39.3%	94.0%	nm	67.5%
Total assets (£bn)	176.7	26.1	166.6	22.6	31.2	318.3	35.0	776.5
Funded assets (£bn)	176.7	26.0	166.6	22.6	31.2	142.7	34.9	600.7
Net loans to customers - amortised cost (£bn)	154.6	19.0	101.5	15.2	13.8	9.1	6.3	319.5
Loan impairment rate (2)	27bps	(26)bps	40bps	nm	nm	nm	nm	22bps
Impairment provisions (£bn)	(1.3)	(0.6)	(1.2)	-	-	(0.1)	(0.1)	(3.3)
Impairment provisions - stage 3 (£bn)	(0.7)	(0.6)	(0.9)	-	-	(0.1)	-	(2.3)
Customer deposits (£bn)	147.9	18.8	135.7	28.2	29.1	3.3	6.7	369.7
Risk-weighted assets (RWAs) (£bn)	37.5	13.3	77.0	10.0	6.5	43.8	1.4	189.5
RWA equivalent (RWAes) (£bn)	38.4	13.6	78.1	10.0	6.6	48.9	1.7	197.3
Employee numbers (FTEs - thousands)	21.0	3.0	10.4	1.9	1.8	5.1	22.5	65.7
Average interest earning assets (£bn)	165.3	25.2	145.8	21.5	29.3	35.1	nm	445.1
Net interest margin	2.52%	1.60%	1.95%	2.44%	1.65%	(0.70%)	nm	1.81%
Third party customer asset rate	3.26%	2.28%	3.17%	2.92%	1.73%	nm	nm	nm
Third party customer funding rate	(0.38%)	(0.16%)	(0.43%)	(0.44%)	(0.14%)	nm	nm	nm

Segment performance	Nine months ended 30 September 2018									
	Personal &	l lleter	Commercial &		J September 2010	•	Central			
	UK Personal	Ulster	Commercial	Private	RBS	NatWest	items &	Total		
	Banking	Bank Rol	Banking	Banking	International	Markets	other (1)	RBS		
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m		
Income statement	LIII	2.111	2,111	2.111	LIII	2111	2.111	2111		
Net interest income	3,222	334	2,131	385	343	82	(17)	6,480		
Non-interest income	586	129	1,355	192	96	1,149	298	3,805		
Own credit adjustments	-	.20		-	-	59	-	59		
Total income	3,808	463	3,486	577	439	1,290	281	10,344		
Direct expenses	0,000	100	0,100	011	100	1,200	201	10,011		
- staff costs	(532)	(149)	(554)	(122)	(77)	(429)	(927)	(2,790)		
- other costs	(186)	(76)	(178)	(44)	(45)	(176)	(1,842)	(2,547)		
Indirect expenses	(1,050)	(133)	(891)	(157)	(56)	(292)	2,579	(=,0)		
Strategic costs	(1,000)	(100)	(001)	(101)	()	()	_,			
- direct	(14)	1	(28)	_	(2)	(106)	(500)	(649)		
- indirect	(122)	(8)	(65)	(11)	(4)	`(21)	`231	. ,		
Litigation and conduct costs	(206)	(54)	`(7)	`(1)	10	(125)	(807)	(1,190)		
Operating expenses	(2,110)	(419)	(1,723)	(335)	(174)	(1,149)	(1,266)	(7,176)		
Operating profit/(loss) before impairment (losses)/releases	1,698	44	1,763	242	265	141	(985)	3,168		
Impairment (losses)/releases	(197)	(34)	(142)	(2)	-	(8)	` ź	(381)		
Operating profit/(loss)	1,501	10	1,621	240	265	133	(983)	2,787		
Additional information	·		·				` '	<u> </u>		
Return on equity (2)	27.3%	0.5%	13.2%	16.3%	26.0%	0.2%	nm	5.3%		
Cost:income ratio (2)	55.4%	90.5%	48.1%	58.1%	39.6%	89.1%	nm	69.1%		
Total assets (£bn)	171.7	25.3	167.9	21.4	29.0	253.3	51.3	719.9		
Funded assets (£bn)	171.7	25.3	167.9	21.4	29.0	120.9	51.1	587.3		
Net loans to customers - amortised cost (£bn)	149.2	19.2	102.3	14.2	13.0	8.0	(0.1)	305.8		
Loan impairment rate (2)	17bps	22bps	18bps	nm	nm	nm	nm	16bps		
Impairment provisions (£bn)	(1.1)	(1.2)	(1.3)	(0.1)	-	(0.2)	-	(3.9)		
Impairment provisions - stage 3 (£bn)	(0.7)	(1.0)	(1.1)	-	-	(0.1)	-	(2.9)		
Customer deposits (£bn)	144.8	17.9	135.0	27.2	26.9	2.6	6.2	360.6		
Risk-weighted assets (RWAs) (£bn)	34.1	16.5	80.3	9.5	6.9	46.5	0.7	194.5		
RWA equivalent (RWAes) (£bn)	35.5	16.6	83.8	9.5	6.9	49.9	1.0	203.2		
Employee numbers (FTEs - thousands)	22.3	3.1	10.6	1.9	1.7	4.9	24.1	68.6		
Average interest earning assets (£bn)	160.3	24.7	144.9	20.3	27.4	27.0	nm	435.2		
Net interest margin	2.69%	1.81%	1.96%	2.53%	1.67%	0.41%	nm	1.99%		
Third party customer asset rate	3.37%	2.40%	2.97%	2.87%	2.38%	nm	nm	nm		
Third party customer funding rate	(0.30%)	(0.21%)	(0.26%)	(0.21%)	(0.10%)	nm	nm	nm		

Segment performance	Quarter ended 30 September 2019							
	Personal &	Ulster	Commercial &		September 2013		Central	
	UK Personal	Ulster	Commercial	Private	RBS	NatWest	items &	Total
	Banking	Bank Rol	Banking	Banking	International	Markets	other (1)	RBS
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Income statement								
Net interest income	1,034	102	703	130	119	(62)	(20)	2,006
Non-interest income	190	43	374	68	31	223	(20)	909
Own credit adjustments		_		_	_	(11)	(1)	(12)
Total income	1,224	145	1,077	198	150	150	(41)	2,903
Direct expenses	,	•	· ·			•	· · · · · ·	,
- staff costs	(157)	(53)	(194)	(40)	(30)	(159)	(258)	(891)
- other costs	(95)	(22)	(74)	(17)	(14)	(42)	(578)	(842)
Indirect expenses	(357)	(43)	(294)	(49)	(13)	(81)	`837	` _
Strategic costs	` ′	` ′	` ,	` ′	` ,	` ′		
- direct	(12)	(3)	(5)	-	(4)	(55)	(136)	(215)
- indirect	(68)	(9)	(67)	(13)	(1)	(7)	`165	` _
Litigation and conduct costs	(912)	(1)	(4)	` _	`-	(4)	171	(750)
Operating expenses	(1,601)	(131)	(638)	(119)	(62)	(348)	201	(2,698)
Operating (loss)/profit before impairment (losses)/releases	(377)	14	439	79	88	(198)	160	205
Impairment (losses)/releases	(131)	17	(108)	2	-	` ź	2	(213)
Operating (loss)/profit	(508)	31	331	81	88	(193)	162	(8)
Additional information								•
Return on equity (2)	(26.8%)	5.8%	8.4%	16.8%	26.0%	(8.7%)	nm	(3.8%)
Cost:income ratio (2)	130.8%	90.3%	57.9%	60.1%	41.3%	232.0%	nm	92.9%
Total assets (£bn)	176.7	26.1	166.6	22.6	31.2	318.3	35.0	776.5
Funded assets (£bn)	176.7	26.0	166.6	22.6	31.2	142.7	34.9	600.7
Net loans to customers - amortised cost (£bn)	154.6	19.0	101.5	15.2	13.8	9.1	6.3	319.5
Loan impairment rate (2)	34bps	(35)bps	42bps	nm	nm	nm	nm	26bps
Impairment provisions (£bn)	(1.3)	(0.6)	(1.2)	-	-	(0.1)	(0.1)	(3.3)
Impairment provisions - stage 3 (£bn)	(0.7)	(0.6)	(0.9)	-	-	(0.1)	-	(2.3)
Customer deposits (£bn)	147.9	18.8	135.7	28.2	29.1	3.3	6.7	369.7
Risk-weighted assets (RWAs) (£bn)	37.5	13.3	77.0	10.0	6.5	43.8	1.4	189.5
RWA equivalent (RWAes) (£bn)	38.4	13.6	78.1	10.0	6.6	48.9	1.7	197.3
Employee numbers (FTEs - thousands)	21.0	3.0	10.4	1.9	1.8	5.1	22.5	65.7
Average interest earning assets (£bn)	168.1	26.2	146.7	22.0	30.4	38.6	nm	454.4
Net interest margin	2.44%	1.55%	1.90%	2.35%	1.55%	(0.64%)	nm	1.75%
Third party customer asset rate	3.22%	2.23%	3.11%	2.87%	1.69%	nm	nm	nm
Third party customer funding rate	(0.38%)	(0.15%)	(0.43%)	(0.43%)	(0.15%)	nm	nm	nm

Segment performance	Quarter ended 30 June 2019							
	Personal &	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					Central	 -
	UK Personal	Ulster	Commercial	Private	RBS	NatWest	items &	Total
	Banking	Bank Rol	Banking	Banking	International	Markets	other (1)	RBS
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Income statement			· ·	•	•	•		
Net interest income	1,032	102	716	129	125	(91)	(42)	1,971
Non-interest income	170	35	367	62	34	338	`71	1,077
Own credit adjustments	-	1	-	_	-	(5)	1	(3)
Strategic disposals	-	-	-	-	-	444	591	1,035
Total income	1,202	138	1,083	191	159	686	621	4,080
Direct expenses								
- staff costs	(155)	(54)	(184)	(41)	(31)	(176)	(264)	(905)
- other costs	(90)	(22)	(80)	(17)	(10)	(38)	(511)	(768)
Indirect expenses	(297)	(41)	(260)	(45)	(13)	(76)	732	-
Strategic costs								
- direct	4	(4)	(12)	-	(3)	(31)	(388)	(434)
- indirect	(49)	(5)	(50)	(10)	(3)	(17)	134	-
Litigation and conduct costs	(7)	(19)	(36)	(2)	-	(6)	15	(55)
Operating expenses	(594)	(145)	(622)	(115)	(60)	(344)	(282)	(2,162)
Operating profit/(loss) before impairment (losses)/releases	608	(7)	461	76	99	342	339	1,918
Impairment (losses)/releases	(69)	10	(197)	(1)	2	20	(2)	(237)
Operating profit	539	3	264	75	101	362	337	1,681
Additional information								
Return on equity (2)	26.5%	0.6%	6.2%	15.9%	30.8%	4.4%	nm	15.8%
Cost:income ratio (2)	49.4%	105.1%	56.1%	60.2%	37.7%	50.1%	nm	52.6%
Total assets (£bn)	173.9	26.4	165.6	21.9	30.4	278.9	32.8	729.9
Funded assets (£bn)	173.9	26.4	165.6	21.9	30.4	133.4	32.7	584.3
Net loans to customers - amortised cost (£bn)	151.9	19.0	101.4	14.7	13.6	9.3	0.7	310.6
Loan impairment rate (2)	18bps	(20)bps	77bps	nm	nm	nm	nm	30bps
Impairment provisions (£bn)	(1.2)	(0.7)	(1.2)	-	-	(0.1)	-	(3.2)
Impairment provisions - stage 3 (£bn)	(0.7)	(0.6)	(0.9)	-	-	(0.1)	-	(2.3)
Customer deposits (£bn)	147.5	19.0	133.4	28.0	28.1	2.8	2.8	361.6
Risk-weighted assets (RWAs) (£bn)	37.0	14.2	77.8	9.7	6.9	41.4	1.5	188.5
RWA equivalent (RWAes) (£bn)	38.1	14.5	79.3	9.7	7.0	46.1	1.8	196.5
Employee numbers (FTEs - thousands)	21.3	3.1	10.5	1.9	1.8	5.0	23.0	66.6
Average interest earning assets (£bn)	164.8	25.3	146.1	21.2	29.8	34.4	nm	444.8
Net interest margin	2.51%	1.62%	1.97%	2.44%	1.68%	(1.05%)	nm	1.78%
Third party customer asset rate	3.25%	2.29%	3.18%	2.89%	1.79%	nm	nm	nm
Third party customer funding rate	(0.38%)	(0.15%)	(0.42%)	(0.45%)	(0.13%)	nm	nm	nm

Segment performance			Quarte	er ended 30 S	September 2018			
	Personal &	Personal & Ulster Commercial & Private				Central		
	UK Personal	Ulster	Commercial	Private	RBS	NatWest	items &	Total
	Banking	Bank Rol	Banking	Banking	International	Markets	other (1)	RBS
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Income statement	2	2.111	2111	2	2.11	2.111	2	
Net interest income	1,083	110	731	133	124	15	(42)	2,154
Non-interest income	174	41	365	62	31	534	261	1,468
Own credit adjustments		-	-	-	-	20		20
Total income	1,257	151	1,096	195	155	569	219	3,642
Direct expenses	, ,	**	,,,,,				-	
- staff costs	(172)	(51)	(180)	(39)	(26)	(120)	(299)	(887)
- other costs	`(69)	(31)	(64)	(16)	(12)	`(61)	(613)	(866)
Indirect expenses	(342)	(45)	(294)	(52)	(19)	(91)	`843	. ,
Strategic costs	, ,	` ,	` ,	` ,	` ,	` ,		
- direct	-	(1)	(8)	1	(2)	(78)	(211)	(299)
- indirect	(37)	(2)	(21)	(4)	(1)	(15)	80	· -
Litigation and conduct costs	(199)	(37)	(16)	-	-	(113)	(24)	(389)
Operating expenses	(819)	(167)	(583)	(110)	(60)	(478)	(224)	(2,441)
Operating profit/(loss) before impairment (losses)/releases	438	(16)	513	85	95	91	(5)	1,201
Impairment (losses)/releases	(66)	(60)	(107)	(1)	(3)	(4)	1	(240)
Operating profit/(loss)	372	(76)	406	84	92	87	(4)	961
Additional information								
Return on equity (2)	19.4%	(12.7%)	9.6%	17.3%	26.9%	1.8%	nm	5.4%
Cost:income ratio (2)	65.2%	110.6%	51.8%	56.4%	38.7%	84.0%	nm	66.7%
Total assets (£bn)	171.7	25.3	167.9	21.4	29.0	253.3	51.3	719.9
Funded assets (£bn)	171.7	25.3	167.9	21.4	29.0	120.9	51.1	587.3
Net loans to customers - amortised cost (£bn)	149.2	19.2	102.3	14.2	13.0	8.0	(0.1)	305.8
Loan impairment rate (2)	18bps	118bps	41bps	nm	nm	nm	nm	31bps
Impairment provisions (£bn)	(1.1)	(1.2)	(1.3)	(0.1)	-	(0.2)	-	(3.9)
Impairment provisions - stage 3 (£bn)	(0.7)	(1.0)	(1.1)	-	-	(0.1)	-	(2.9)
Customer deposits (£bn)	144.8	17.9	135.0	27.2	26.9	2.6	6.2	360.6
Risk-weighted assets (RWAs) (£bn)	34.1	16.5	80.3	9.5	6.9	46.5	0.7	194.5
RWA equivalent (RWAes) (£bn)	35.5	16.6	83.8	9.5	6.9	49.9	1.0	203.2
Employee numbers (FTEs - thousands)	22.3	3.1	10.6	1.9	1.7	4.9	24.1	68.6
Average interest earning assets (£bn)	162.3	25.4	144.9	20.8	28.4	26.7	nm	443.1
Net interest margin	2.65%	1.72%	2.00%	2.54%	1.73%	0.22%	nm	1.93%
Third party customer asset rate	3.35%	2.42%	3.04%	2.91%	2.29%	nm	nm	nm
Third party customer funding rate	(0.31%)	(0.20%)	(0.28%)	(0.26%)	(0.11%)	nm	nm	nm

 ⁽¹⁾ Central items include unallocated transactions, including volatile items under IFRS, items related to Alawwal bank merger and RMBS related charges.
 (2) Refer to the Appendix for details of basis of preparation and reconciliation of non-IFRS performance measures where relevant.

Business performance summary Capital and leverage ratios

	End-point CRR basis			
	30 September	30 June	31 December	
Capital adequacy ratios	2019	2019	2018	
CET1 (%)	15.7	16.0	16.2	
Tier 1 (%)	17.9	18.2	18.4	
Total (%)	20.5	20.9	21.8	
Capital	£m	£m	£m	
Tangible equity	32,930	35,036	34,566	
Tangible equity	32,930	33,030	34,300	
Expected loss less impairment provisions	(620)	(726)	(654)	
Prudential valuation adjustment	(466)	(419)	(494)	
Deferred tax assets	(732)	(869)	(740)	
Own credit adjustments	(234)	(261)	(405)	
Pension fund assets	(401)	(400)	(394)	
Cash flow hedging reserve	(336)	(117)	191	
Foreseeable ordinary dividends	(362)	(2,053)	(1,326)	
Other deductions	(6)	-	(105)	
Total deductions	(3,157)	(4,845)	(3,927)	
CET1 capital	29,773	30,191	30,639	
AT1 capital	4,051	4,051	4,051	
Tier 1 capital				
Tier 2 capital	33,824	34,242	34,690	
пет 2 сарпат	4,980	5,119	6,483	
Total regulatory capital	38,804	39,361	41,173	
Risk-weighted assets				
Credit risk	136,200	137,100	137,900	
Counterparty credit risk	15,000	14,200	13,600	
Market risk	15,700	14,600	14,800	
Operational risk	22,600	22,600	22,400	
Total RWAs	189,500	188,500	188,700	
Cash and balances at central banks	84,300	85,400	88,900	
Trading assets	91,600	85,400	75,100	
Derivatives	175,800	145,600	133,300	
Financial assets	396,400	389,200	377,500	
Other assets	28,400	24,300	19,400	
Total assets	776,500	729.900	694,200	
Derivatives	770,300	729,900	094,200	
- netting and variation margin	(189,800)	(156,600)	(141,300)	
- potential future exposures	47,200	44,100	42,100	
Securities financing transactions gross up	1,700	1,900	2,100	
Undrawn commitments	43,900	49,300	50,300	
Regulatory deductions and other adjustments	(9,400)	(9,500)	(2,900)	
CRR leverage exposure	670,100	659,100	644,500	
CRR leverage ratio % (1)	5.0	5.2	5.4	
UK leverage exposure	589,500	576,600	559,500	
UK leverage ratio % (2)	5.7	5.9	6.2	
Or reverage ratio 70 (2)	J.1	5.9	0.2	

Notes:
(1) Based on end-point CRR Tier 1 capital and leverage exposure under the CRR Delegated Act.
(2) Based on end-point CRR Tier 1 capital and UK leverage exposures reflecting the post EU referendum measures announced by the Bank of England in the third quarter of 2016.

Condensed consolidated income statement for the period ended 30 September 2019 (unaudited)

	Nine mont	hs ended			
	30 September	30 September	30 September 30 June		30 September
	2019	2018*	2019	2019	2018*
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Interest receivable	8,474	8,224	2,921	2,806	2,780
Interest payable	(2,464)	(1,744)	(915)	(835)	(626)
Net interest income (1)	6,010	6,480	2,006	1,971	2,154
Fees and commissions receivable	2,570	2,433	808	857	787
Fees and commissions payable	(673)	(671)	(186)	(243)	(220)
Income from trading activities	794	1,346	195	375	499
Other operating income	1,319	756	80	1,120	422
Non-interest income	4,010	3,864	897	2,109	1,488
Total income	10,020	10,344	2,903	4,080	3,642
Staff costs	(3,028)	(3,108)	(1,000)	(1,017)	(1,022)
Premises and equipment	(823)	(972)	(265)	(293)	(328)
Other administrative expenses	(2,085)	(2,521)	(1,222)	(445)	(885)
Depreciation and amortisation	(853)	(544)	(232)	(377)	(206)
Write down of other intangible assets	(9)	(31)	21	(30)	<u> </u>
Operating expenses	(6,798)	(7,176)	(2,698)	(2,162)	(2,441)
Profit before impairment losses	3,222	3,168	205	1,918	1,201
Impairment losses	(536)	(381)	(213)	(237)	(240)
Operating profit/(loss) before tax	2,686	2,787	(8)	1,681	961
Tax (charge)/credit	(395)	(1,090)	(201)	22	(381)
Profit/(loss) for the period	2,291	1,697	(209)	1,703	580
Attributable to:					
Ordinary shareholders	1,723	1,336	(315)	1,331	448
Preference shareholders	30	94	10	10	20
Paid-in equity holders	277	261	95	92	90
Non-controlling interests	261	6	1	270	22
Earnings per ordinary share (2)	14.3p	11.1p	(2.6p)	11.0p	3.7p

^{*}Restated. Refer to Note 2 for further details.

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Negative interest on loans is reported as interest payable. Negative interest on customer deposits is reported as interest receivable.

⁽²⁾ Basic, fully diluted, earnings per share for the nine months ended 30 September 2019 was 14.2p. There was no dilutive impact in any other period.

Condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the period ended 30 September 2019 (unaudited)

	Nine mont	ths ended	Quarter ended			
	30 September	30 September	30 September	30 June	30 September	
	2019	2018*	2019	2019	2018*	
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	
Profit/(loss) for the period	2,291	1,697	(209)	1,703	580	
Items that do not qualify for reclassification						
Remeasurement of retirement benefit schemes						
- contributions in preparation for ring-fencing (1)	-	(2,000)	-	-	-	
- other movements	(96)	72	(28)	(26)	72	
(Loss)/profit on fair value of credit in financial liabilities						
designated as at FVTPL due to own credit risk	(115)	109	(19)	(50)	14	
FVOCI financial assets	(92)	61	(130)	(4)	58	
Tax	24	487	(2)	(6)	(13)	
	(279)	(1,271)	(179)	(86)	131	
Items that do qualify for reclassification		•		•		
FVOCI financial assets	(3)	31	9	(53)	(168)	
Cash flow hedges	688	(822)	286	214	(301)	
Currency translation	(298)	120	(57)	109	102	
Tax	(193)	224	(71)	(82)	127	
	194	(447)	167	188	(240)	
Other comprehensive (loss)/income after tax	(85)	(1,718)	(12)	102	(109)	
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period	2,206	(21)	(221)	1,805	471	
Attributable to:						
Ordinary shareholders	1,624	(404)	(326)	1,392	304	
Preference shareholders	30	94	10	10	20	
Paid-in equity holders	277	261	95	92	90	
Non-controlling interests	275	28	-	311	57	
	2,206	(21)	(221)	1,805	471	

^{*}Restated. Refer to Note 2 for further details.

Note:

⁽¹⁾ On 17 April 2018, RBS agreed a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with the Trustees of the RBS Group Pension Fund in connection with the requirements of ring-fencing. NatWest Markets Plc could not continue to be a participant in the Main section and separate arrangements were required for its employees. Under the MoU, NatWest Plc made a contribution of £2 billion on 9 October 2018 to strengthen funding of the Main section in recognition of the changes in covenant.

Condensed consolidated balance sheet as at 30 September 2019 (unaudited)

	30 September	31 December
	2019	2018
Acceptance	£m	£m
Assets	04.050	00.007
Cash and balances at central banks	84,252	88,897
Trading assets	91,605	75,119
Derivatives	175,760	133,349
Settlement balances	12,962	2,928
Loans to banks - amortised cost	12,440	12,947
Loans to customers - amortised cost	319,493	305,089
Other financial assets	64,488	59,485
Intangible assets	6,646	6,616
Other assets Tatal assets	8,861	9,805
Total assets	776,507	694,235
Liabilities		
Bank deposits	22,095	23,297
Customer deposits	369,708	360,914
Settlement balances	11,862	3,066
Trading liabilities	87,374	72,350
Derivatives	173,750	128,897
Other financial liabilities	47,508	39,732
Subordinated liabilities	10,200	10,535
Other liabilities	9,864	8,954
Total liabilities	732,361	647,745
Equity		
Ordinary shareholders' interests	39,576	41,182
Other owners' interests	4,554	4,554
Owners' equity	44,130	45,736
Non-controlling interests	16	754
Total equity	44,146	46,490
Total liabilities and equity	776,507	694,235

Condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity for the period ended 30 September 2019 (unaudited)

	Share						
	capital and				Total	Non	
	statutory	Paid-in	Retained	Other	owners'	controlling	Total
	reserves	equity	earnings	reserves*	equity	interests	equity
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
At 1 January 2019	13,055	4,058	14,312	14,311	45,736	754	46,490
Implementation of IFRS 16 on 1 January 2019 (1)	-	-	(187)	-	(187)	-	(187)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders							
and other equity owners	-	-	2,030	-	2,030	261	2,291
Other comprehensive income							
 Realised gains/(losses) in period 							
on FVOCI equity shares	-	-	118	(118)	-	-	-
 Remeasurement of retirement 							
benefit schemes	-	-	(96)	-	(96)	-	(96)
 Changes in fair value of credit in financial 							
liabilities at FVTPL	-	-	(115)	-	(115)	-	(115)
 Other amounts recognised in equity 	-	-	-	737	737	14	751
 Amount transferred from equity to earnings 	-	-	-	(169)	(169)	-	(169)
 Recycled to profit or loss on disposal 							-
of businesses (2)	-	-	-	(335)	(335)	-	(335)
- Tax	-	-	39	(160)	(121)	-	(121)
Ordinary share dividends paid	-	-	(3,018)	-	(3,018)	-	(3,018)
Preference share and paid-in equity dividends							
paid	-	-	(307)	-	(307)	-	(307)
Shares and securities issued during the period	112	-	(4)	-	108	-	108
Share-based payments - gross	-	-	(109)	-	(109)	-	(109)
Movement in own shares held	(24)	-	-	-	(24)	-	(24)
Equity raised (3)	-	-	-	-	-	45	45
Equity withdrawn and disposals (4)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,058)	(1,058)
At 30 September 2019	13,143	4,058	12,663	14,266	44,130	16	44,146

	30 September
	2019
Total equity is attributable to:	£m
Ordinary shareholders	39,576
Preference shareholders	496
Paid-in equity holders	4,058
Non-controlling interests	16
	44,146
*Other reserves consist of:	
Merger reserve	10,881
FVOCI reserve	125
Cash flow hedging reserve	336
Foreign exchange reserve	2,924
	14 266

Notes:

- Notes:
 Refer to Note 2 for further information on the impact of IFRS 16 implementation.
 Includes £338 million arising on the completion of the Alawwal bank merger in June 2019, of which £48 million relates to tax. The merger resulted in the derecognition of the associate investment in Alawwal bank and recognition of a new investment in SABB held at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).
 Capital injection from RFS Holdings B.V. Consortium Members.
 Distribution to RFS Holdings B.V. Consortium Members on completion of Alawwal bank merger.

1. Basis of preparation

The condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with RBS's 2018 Annual Report and Accounts which were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee of the IASB as adopted by the European Union (EU) (together IFRS).

Going concern

Having reviewed RBS's forecasts, projections and other relevant evidence, the directors have a reasonable expectation that RBS will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the results for the periods ended 30 September 2019 have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Re-segmentation

Effective from 1 January 2019, Business Banking has been transferred from UK Personal and Business Banking (UK PBB) to Commercial Banking as the nature of the business, including distribution channels, products and customers, are more closely aligned to the Commercial Banking business. Concurrent with the transfer, UK PBB has been renamed UK Personal Banking (UK PB) and the previous franchise combining UK PBB (now UK PB) and Ulster Bank Rol has been renamed Personal & Ulster. Comparatives have been re-stated.

2. Accounting policies

RBS's principal accounting policies are as set out on pages 182 to 186 of the 2018 Annual Report and Accounts and are unchanged other than as presented below.

Changes in reporting standards

IAS 12 'Income taxes' was revised with effect from 1 January 2019. The income statement is now required to include any tax relief on the servicing cost of instruments classified as equity. Relief of £67 million was recognised in the statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2018; this and prior periods have been restated.

Presentation of interest in suspense recoveries

Until 1 January 2019, interest in suspense recoveries were presented as a component of interest receivable within Net interest income. It amounted to £46 million for the period ended 30 September 2019. From 1 January 2019 interest in suspense recoveries is presented within impairment charges; prior periods were presented as income. Comparatives have not been restated.

Revised Accounting policy 10 - Leases

RBS has adopted IFRS 16 'Leases' with effect from 1 January 2019, replacing IAS 17 'Leases'. RBS has applied IFRS 16 on a modified retrospective basis without restating prior years. Accounting policy 10 presented in the 2018 Annual Report and Accounts has been updated as follows:

As lessor

Finance lease contracts are those which transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset to a customer. All other contracts with customers to lease assets are classified as operating leases.

Loans to customers include finance lease receivables measured at the net investment in the lease, comprising the minimum lease payments and any unguaranteed residual value discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. Interest receivable includes finance lease income recognised at a constant periodic rate of return before tax on the net investment. Unguaranteed residual values are subject to regular review; if there is a reduction in their value, income allocation is revised and any reduction in respect of amounts accrued is recognised immediately.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in other operating income on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless another systematic basis better represents the time pattern of the asset's use. Operating lease assets are included within Property, plant and equipment and depreciated over their useful lives.

As lessee

On entering a new lease contract, RBS recognises a right of use asset and a liability to pay future rentals. The liability is measured at the present value of future lease payments discounted at the applicable incremental borrowing rate. The right of use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the term of the lease and the useful economic life, subject to review for impairment. Short term and low value leased assets are expensed on a systematic basis.

2. Accounting policies continued

For further details see page 186 of RBS's 2018 Annual Report and Accounts. The impact on RBS's balance sheet at 1 January 2019 is as follows:

	£bn
Retained earnings at 31 December 2018	14.3
Loans to customers - finance leases	0.2
Other assets - net right of use assets	1.3
- Recognition of lease liabilities	(1.9)
- Provision for onerous leases	0.2
Other liabilities	(1.7)
Net impact on retained earnings	(0.2)
Retained earnings at 1 January 2019	14.1

Operating lease commitments reported under IAS 17 were £2.7 billion which resulted in lease liabilities recognised under IFRS 16 of £1.9 billion. The difference is primarily because of the different treatment of termination and extension options, and discounting the contractual lease payments under IFRS 16.

Critical accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The judgements and assumptions that are considered to be the most important to the portrayal of RBS's financial condition are those relating to goodwill, provisions for liabilities, deferred tax, loan impairment provisions and fair value of financial instruments. These critical accounting policies and judgements are described on page 186 of the 2018 Annual Report and Accounts.

3. Provisions for liabilities and charges

	Payment	Other			
	protection	customer	Litigation and		
	insurance (1)	redress	other regulatory	Other (2)	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
At 1 January 2019	695	536	783	990	3,004
Implementation of IFRS 16 on 1 January 2019 (3)	-	-	-	(170)	(170)
ECL impairment release	-	-	-	(3)	(3)
Transfer to accruals and other liabilities	-	(4)	-	1	(3)
Currency translation and other movements	-	(7)	(6)	(16)	(29)
Charge to income statement	-	17	5	33	55
Releases to income statement	-	(12)	(9)	(16)	(37)
Provisions utilised	(136)	(81)	(6)	(114)	(337)
At 31 March 2019	559	449	767	705	2,480
ECL impairment charge	-	-	-	21	21
Transfer from accruals and other liabilities	-	4	-	-	4
Currency translation and other movements	-	3	3	4	10
Charge to income statement	-	64	18	100	182
Releases to income statement	-	(11)	(33)	(70)	(114)
Provisions utilised	(116)	(90)	(28)	(79)	(313)
At 30 June 2019	443	419	727	681	2,270
ECL impairment charge	-	-	-	13	13
Transfer from accruals and other liabilities	-	(1)	-	15	14
Currency translation and other movements	-	(5)	19	2	16
Charge to income statement	900	29	14	69	1,012
Releases to income statement	-	(14)	(32)	(25)	(71)
Provisions utilised	(99)	(70)	(227)	(66)	(462)
At 30 September 2019	1,244	358	501	689	2,792

Notes:

- (1) 30 September 2019 includes provisions held in relation to offers made in 2018 and earlier years of £97 million.
- (2) Materially comprises provisions relating to property closures and restructuring costs.
- (3) Refer to Note 2 for further information on the impact of IFRS 16 implementation.

There are uncertainties as to the eventual cost of redress in relation to certain of the provisions contained in the table above. Assumptions relating to these are inherently uncertain and the ultimate financial impact may be different from the amount provided.

Payment protection insurance

An additional provision of £0.9 billion was taken at Q3 2019, reflecting greater than predicted complaints volumes in the lead up to the 29 August 2019 deadline for making new PPI complaints. RBS has made provisions totalling £6.2 billion to date for PPI claims, of which £5.0 billion had been utilised by 30 September 2019.

The table below shows the sensitivity of the provision to changes in the principal assumptions in relation to claims received since June 2019 which are still being processed, all other assumptions remaining the same.

			Sensi	tivity
				Consequential
	Claims	Claims		change in
	to	since	Change in	provision
Assumption	June 2019	June 2019 (5)	assumption	£m
Customer Initiated Total Complaints (1)	4,064k	783k	+/-50k	+/-50
No PPI % (2)	27%	32%	+/-1%	+/-11
Uphold rate (3)	88%	94%	+/-1%	+/-8
Average redress (4)	£1,658	£1,556	+/-£50	+/-25

Notes:

- (1) Claims and auto-converted queries (PPI mis-sale and 'Plevin' (commission)) received directly by RBS to date, including those received by CMCs.
- (2) No PPI % relates to those cases where no PPI policy exists.
- (3) Average uphold rate per customer initiated claims received directly by RBS, including those received via CMCs, to end of timebar for both PPI (mis-sale) and Plevin (commission), excluding those for which no PPI policy exists.
- (4) Average redress for PPI (mis-sale) and Plevin (commission) pay-outs.
- (5) Claims since June 2019 represents complaints received via telephone, on-line and post as at 30 September 2019. These complaints are currently undergoing processing.

4. Litigation, investigations and reviews

RBS's 2019 Interim Results, issued on 2 August 2019, included comprehensive disclosures about RBS's litigation, investigations and reviews in Note 13. Set out below are the material developments in those matters since the 2019 Interim Results were published.

Litigation

London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) and other rates litigation

As previously disclosed, NWM plc and certain other members of the RBS Group, including RBSG, are defendants in a number of cases, including several class actions, pending in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York which concern alleged manipulation of USD LIBOR. In September 2019, RBS Group companies reached a settlement in principle to resolve the class action on behalf of those who held bonds issued by non-defendants on which interest was paid from 2007 to 2010 at a rate expressly tied to USD LIBOR. The settlement is subject to documentation and court approval. The amount of the settlement is covered by a provision existing as of 30 September 2019.

On 16 August 2019, the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York dismissed all remaining claims in the class action concerning alleged manipulation of Pound Sterling LIBOR on the ground that the only named plaintiff with potentially valid claims lacks capacity to maintain the suit. Plaintiffs have commenced an appeal to the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit.

On 16 September 2019, the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York dismissed the amended class action complaint concerning alleged manipulation of Swiss Franc LIBOR on the ground that, because the named plaintiffs who originally purported to file the case had ceased to exist at the time of filing, there is no triable issue over which court has jurisdiction. The court's decision is subject to potential appeal.

US Anti-Terrorism Act litigation

On 16 September 2019, the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York dismissed the US Anti-Terrorism Act case that has been pending against NWM N.V. and certain other financial institutions since it was filed in November 2014, concerning an alleged conspiracy to assist Iran in transferring money to Hezbollah and Iraqi terror cells. The court held that the claims were deficient for several reasons, including lack of sufficient allegations as to the alleged conspiracy and causation. The decision is subject to potential appeal.

US investigations relating to fixed-income securities

In October 2017, NatWest Markets Securities Inc. entered into a non-prosecution agreement (NPA) with the United States Attorney for the District of Connecticut (USAO) in connection with alleged misrepresentations to counterparties relating to secondary trading in various forms of asset-backed securities. In the NPA, the USAO agreed not to file criminal charges relating to certain conduct and information described in the NPA if NatWest Markets Securities Inc. complies with the NPA's requirements during its term, including by not engaging in conduct during the NPA that the US Department of Justice determines was a felony under federal or state law or a violation of the anti-fraud provisions of the United States securities law. As previously disclosed, the NatWest Markets business is currently responding to a criminal investigation concerning unrelated securities trading by certain traders in 2018, which was reported to the USAO during the course of the NPA. In October 2019, NatWest Markets Securities Inc. agreed to a third extension of the NPA (for three additional months) so that the USAO could review the circumstances of that unrelated matter. The NatWest Markets business is in discussions to resolve these matters.

Investigations and reviews

Systematic Anti-Money Laundering Programme

In December 2018, the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) commenced a Systematic Anti-Money Laundering Programme assessment of RBS. The FCA provided its written findings to RBS on 28 June 2019, and RBS responded on 8 August 2019. On 28 August 2019, the FCA instructed RBS to appoint a Skilled Person to provide assurance on financial crime governance arrangements in relation to two change programmes. It is not yet possible to assess the likely impact of these matters.

Payment Protection Insurance (PPI)

An additional provision of £900 million was taken at Q3 2019, reflecting greater than predicted complaints volumes in the lead up to the 29 August 2019 deadline for making new PPI complaints. RBS has made provisions totalling £6.2 billion to date for PPI claims, of which £5.0 billion had been utilised by 30 September 2019.

5. Tax

The actual tax charge differs from the expected tax charge computed by applying the standard UK corporation tax rate of 19% (2018 - 19%), as analysed below.

	Nine months	ended
	30 September	30 September
	2019	2018
	£m	£m
Profit before tax	2,686	2,787
Expected tax charge	(510)	(530)
Regulatory and legal actions	(158)	(222)
Alawwal bank merger gain disposal	212	· · ·
Increase/(reduction) in carrying value of deferred tax in respect of:-		
- UK tax losses	215	-
- Ireland tax losses	(70)	-
Banking surcharge	(210)	(308)
Tax credit paid-in equity	57	49
Other	(37)	(113)
Adjustments in respect of prior years	106	34
Actual tax charge	(395)	(1,090)

The tax charge includes a £215 million deferred tax credit associated with the transfer of taxable losses from NatWest Markets Plc to RBS plc under ring-fencing regulations and a £70 million deferred tax charge in respect of reducing the carrying value of the deferred tax asset for losses in Ulster Bank Ireland DAC. RBS has implemented amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes with effect from 1 January 2019 and as a result tax relief on distributions on other equity instruments, previously recognised under retained earnings, is now reported as a tax expense in the income statement.

6. Post balance sheet events

Other than as disclosed there have been no other significant events between 30 September 2019 and the date of approval of these accounts which would require a change to or additional disclosure in the accounts.

Additional information

Presentation of information

In this document, 'RBSG plc' or the 'parent company' refers to The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc, and 'RBS' or the 'RBS Group' refers to RBSG plc and its subsidiaries.

Financial information contained in this document does not constitute statutory accounts within the meaning of section 434 of the Companies Act 2006 ('the Act'). The statutory accounts for the year ended 31 December 2018 have been filed with the Registrar of Companies. The report of the auditor on those statutory accounts was unqualified, did not draw attention to any matters by way of emphasis and did not contain a statement under section 498(2) or (3) of the Act.

Contacts

Analyst enquiries: Alexander Holcroft, Investor Relations +44 (0) 20 7672 1982 Media enquiries: RBS Press Office +44 (0) 131 523 4205

	Analyst and investor call	Webcast and dial in details
Date:	24 October 2019	www.rbs.com/results
Time:	9am UK time	International: +44 (0) 203 057 6566
Conference ID:	5889802	UK Free Call: 0800 279 5995
		US Local Dial-In, New York: +1 646 741 2115

Available on www.rbs.com/results

- Q3 2019 Interim Management Statement and background slides.
- A financial supplement containing income statement, balance sheet and segment performance for the nine quarters ended 30 September 2019.
- Pillar 3 supplement at 30 September 2019.

Forward looking statements

This document contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, such as statements that include, without limitation, the words 'expect', 'estimate', 'project', 'anticipate', 'commit', 'believe', 'should', 'intend', 'plan', 'could', 'probability', 'risk', 'Value-at-Risk (VaR)', 'target', 'goal', 'objective', 'may', 'endeavour', 'outlook', 'optimistic', 'prospects' and similar expressions or variations on these expressions. These statements concern or may affect future matters, such as RBSG's future economic results, business plans and current strategies. In particular, this document may include forward-looking statements relating to RBSG in respect of, but not limited to: its regulatory capital position and related requirements, its financial position, profitability and financial performance (including financial, capital and operational targets), its access to adequate sources of liquidity and funding, increasing competition from new incumbents and disruptive technologies, its exposure to third party risks, its ongoing compliance with the UK ring-fencing regime and ensuring operational continuity in resolution, its impairment losses and credit exposures under certain specified scenarios, substantial regulation and oversight, ongoing legal, regulatory and governmental actions and investigations, LIBOR, EURIBOR and other benchmark reform and RBSG's exposure to economic and political risks (including with respect to Brexit and climate change), operational risk, conduct risk, cyber and IT risk, key person risk and credit rating risk. Forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that might cause actual results and performance to differ materially from any expected future results or performance expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to differences in current expectations include, but are not limited to, the final number of PPI claims and their amounts, legislative, political, fiscal and regulatory developments, accounting standards, competitive conditions, technological developments, interest and exchange rate fluctuations and general economic conditions. These and other factors, risks and uncertainties that may impact any forward-looking statement or RBSG's actual results are discussed in RBSG's UK 2018 Annual Report and Accounts (ARA), RBSG's Interim Results for H1 2019 and materials filed with, or furnished to, the US Securities and Exchange Commission, including, but not limited to, RBSG's most recent Annual Report on Form 20-F and Reports on Form 6-K. The forward-looking statements contained in this document speak only as of the date of this document and RBSG does not assume or undertake any obligation or responsibility to update any of the forward-looking statements contained in this document, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except to the extent legally required.

As described in Note 1 on page 18, RBS prepares its financial statements in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB which constitutes a body of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Q3 2019 Results contain a number of adjusted or alternative performance measures, also known as non-GAAP or non-IFRS performance measures. These measures are adjusted for certain items which management believe are not representative of the underlying performance of the business and which distort period-on-period comparison. These non-IFRS measures are not measures within the scope of IFRS and are not a substitute for IFRS measures. These measures include:

Non-IFRS financial measures

Measure	Basis of preparation	Additional analysis or reconciliation
RBS return on tangible equity	Annualised profit for the period attributable to ordinary shareholders divided by average tangible equity. Average tangible equity is total equity less intangible assets and other owners' equity.	Table I
RBS return on tangible equity excluding PPI	Annualised profit for the period attributable to ordinary shareholders adjusted for the PPI charge for the period divided by average tangible equity. Average tangible equity is total equity less intangible assets and other owners' equity.	Table I
Segmental return on tangible equity	Annualised segmental operating profit adjusted for tax and for preference share dividends divided by average notional equity, allocated at an operating segment specific rate, of the period average segmental risk-weighted assets incorporating the effect of capital deductions (RWAes).	Table I
Operating expenses analysis – management view	The management analysis of strategic disposals in other income and operating expenses shows strategic costs and litigation and conduct costs in separate lines. These amounts are included in staff, premises and equipment and other administrative expenses in the statutory analysis.	Table II
Cost:income ratio	Total operating expenses less operating lease depreciation divided by total income less operating lease depreciation.	Table III
Commentary – adjusted periodically for specific items	RBS and segmental business performance commentary have been adjusted for the impact of specific items such as the Alawwal bank merger, additional authorised push payments fraud costs, notable items (detailed on page 3), strategic, litigation and conduct costs (detailed on pages 8 to 12).	Notable items - page 3 Strategic, litigation and conduct costs - pages 8 to 12.
Aggregation of business segments into franchises	Personal & Ulster franchise results, combining the reportable segments of UK Personal Banking (UK PB) and Ulster Bank Rol, and Commercial & Private Banking (CPB) franchise results, combining the reportable segments of Commercial Banking and Private Banking.	Pages 8 to 12.
Bank net interest margin (NIM)	Net interest income of the banking business less the NatWest Markets (NWM) element as a percentage of interest-earning assets of the banking business less the NWM element.	Table IV

Performance metrics not defined under IFRS⁽¹⁾

		Additional analysis or
Measure	Basis of preparation	reconciliation
Loan:deposit ratio	Net customer loans held at amortised cost divided by total customer deposits.	Table V
Tangible net asset	Tangible equity divided by the number of ordinary shares in issue. Tangible equity is	Page 2.
value (TNAV)	ordinary shareholders' interest less intangible assets.	
NIM	Net interest income of the banking business as a percentage of interest-earning	Pages 8 to 12.
	assets of the banking business.	
Funded assets	Total assets less derivatives.	Pages 8 to 12.
ECL loss rate	The annualised loan impairment charge divided by gross customer loans.	Pages 8 to 12.

Note:

(1) Metric based on GAAP measures, included as not defined under IFRS and reported for compliance with ESMA adjusted performance measure rules.

I. Return on tangible equity

	nded or as at	Quarter ended or as at			
	30 September	30 September	30 September	30 June 30) September
RBS return on tangible equity	2019	2018	2019	2019	2018
Profit/(loss) attributable to ordinary shareholders (£m)	1,723	1,336	(315)	1,331	448
Annualised profit/(loss) attributable to ordinary shareholders (£m)	2,297	1,781	(1,260)	5,324	1,792
Adjustment for PPI provision for Q3 2019 (£m)	•	•	900	•	
Adjusted profit attributable to ordinary shareholders (£m)			585		
Annualised adjusted profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders (£m)			2,340		
Average total equity (£m)	46,025	48,825	45,579	46,179	48,833
Adjustment for other owners equity and intangibles (£m)	(12,432)	(15,126)	(12,226)	(12,410)	(15,341)
Adjusted total tangible equity (£m)	33,593	33,699	33,353	33,769	33,492
Return on tangible equity (%)	6.8%	5.3%	(3.8%)	15.8%	5.4%
Return on tangible equity adjusting for impact of PPI			, ,		
provision (%)			7.0%		

	Personal & U	llster	Commercial 8	Private		
_	UK	Ulster	<u>, </u>			
	Personal	Bank	Commercial	Private	RBS	NatWest
Nine months ended 30 September 2019	Banking	Rol	Banking	Banking	International	Markets
Operating profit (£m)	529	54	1,032	236	282	107
Adjustment for tax (£m)	(148)	-	(289)	(66)	(39)	(30)
Preference share cost allocation (£m)	(54)	-	(123)	(12)	(5)	(50)
Adjusted attributable profit (£m)	327	54	620	158	238	27
Annualised adjusted attributable profit (£m)	436	72	827	211	317	36
Adjustment for Alawwal merger gain (£m)	-	-	-	-	-	(200)
Annualised adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m)	436	72	827	211	317	(164)
Average RWAe (£bn)	37.4	14.2	79.3	9.7	6.9	49.0
Equity factor	15.0%	15.0%	12.0%	13.0%	16.0%	15.0%
RWAe applying equity factor (£bn)	5.6	2.1	9.5	1.3	1.1	7.4
Return on equity	7.8%	3.4%	8.7%	16.7%	28.5%	(2.2%)
Nine months ended 30 September 2018*						
•	1,501	10	1,621	240	265	133
Operating profit (£m) Adjustment for tax (£m)	•	10	,			
Preference share cost allocation (£m)	(420) (60)	-	(454) (141)	(67) (18)	(38) (12)	(37)
, ,	(/	10	· /.	155	· /.	(81) 15
Adjusted attributable profit (£m)	1,021		1,026		215	
Annualised adjusted attributable profit (£m)	1,361	13	1,368	206	287	20
Average RWAe (£bn)	33.2	17.5	86.1	9.4	6.9	55.1
Equity factor	15.0%	14.0%	12.0%	13.5%	16.0%	15.0%
RWAe applying equity factor (£bn)	5.0	2.4	10.3	1.3	1.1	8.3
Return on equity	27.3%	0.5%	13.2%	16.3%	26.0%	0.2%

^{*} Restated. Refer to Note 1 for further details.

I. Return on tangible equity continued

Discription Private RBS NatWest Banking Rol Banking Banking		Personal & Ulster		Commercial 8	k Private		
December 2019 Banking Rol Banking Banking International Markets	_	UK	Ulster	·			
Compact Comp		Personal	Bank	Commercial	Private	RBS	NatWest
Adjustment for tax (£m)	Quarter ended 30 September 2019	Banking	Rol	Banking	Banking	International	Markets
Preference share cost allocation (£m)	Operating (loss)/profit (£m)	(508)	31	331	81	88	(193)
Adjusted attributable (loss)/profit (£m)	Adjustment for tax (£m)	142	-	(92)	(23)	(12)	54
Annualised adjusted attributable (loss)/profit (£m) (1,536) 124 792 216 283 (634) Average RWAe (£bn) 38.2 14.2 78.8 9.9 6.8 48.7 Equity factor 15.0% 15.0% 12.0% 13.0% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.7 2.1 9.5 1.3 1.1 7.3 Return on equity (26.8%) 5.8% 8.4% 16.8% 26.0% (8.7%) Quarter ended 30 June 2019 Operating profit (£m) 539 3 264 75 101 362 Adjustment for tax (£m) (151) - (74) (21) (14) (101) Preference share cost allocation (£m) (18) - (41) (4) - (30) Adjustment for tax (£m) (18) - (41) (4) - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Preference share cost allocation (£m)	(18)	-	(41)	(4)	(5)	(20)
Average RWAe (£bn) 38.2 14.2 78.8 9.9 6.8 48.7	Adjusted attributable (loss)/profit (£m)	(384)	31	198	54	71	(159)
Equity factor 15.0% 15.0% 12.0% 13.0% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.7 2.1 9.5 1.3 1.1 7.3 Return on equity (26.8%) 5.8% 8.4% 16.8% 26.0% (8.7%) Quarter ended 30 June 2019 Operating profit (£m) 539 3 264 75 101 362 Adjustment for tax (£m) (161) - (74) (21) (14) (10) Preference share cost allocation (£m) (18) - (41) (4) - (30) Adjustment for tax (£m) 1,480 12 596 199 345 924 Annualised adjusted attributable profit (£m) 1,480 12 596 199 345 924 Aplustment for Alawwal bank merger gain (£m) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Annualised adjusted attributable (loss)/profit (£m)	(1,536)	124	792	216	283	(634)
State Stat	Average RWAe (£bn)	38.2	14.2	78.8	9.9	6.8	48.7
Return on equity (26.8%) 5.8% 8.4% 16.8% 26.0% (8.7%) Quarter ended 30 June 2019 Operating profit (£m) 539 3 264 75 101 362 Adjustment for tax (£m) (151) - (74) (21) (14) (101) Preference share cost allocation (£m) (18) - (41) (4) - (30) Adjusted attributable profit (£m) 370 3 149 50 87 231 Annualised adjusted attributable profit (£m) 1,480 12 596 199 345 326 Average RWAe (£bn) 37.2 14.3 80.1 9.6 7.0 49.1 Equity factor 15.0% 15.0% 12.0% 13.0% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.6 2.1 9.6 1.2 1.1 7.4 Return on equity 26.5% 0.6% 6.2% 15.9% 30.8% 4.4% Quarter ended 30 September 2018*	Equity factor	15.0%	15.0%	12.0%	13.0%	16.0%	15.0%
Quarter ended 30 June 2019 Operating profit (£m) 539 3 264 75 101 362 Adjustment for tax (£m) (151) - (74) (21) (14) (101) Preference share cost allocation (£m) (18) - (41) (4) - (30) Adjusted attributable profit (£m) 370 3 149 50 87 231 Annualised adjusted attributable profit (£m) 1,480 12 596 199 345 924 Adjustment for Alawal bank merger gain (£m) - - - - - - (598) Annualised adjusted attributable profit (£m) 1,480 12 596 199 345 326 Average RWAe (£bn) 37.2 14.3 80.1 9.6 7.0 49.1 Equity factor 15.0% 15.0% 12.0% 13.0% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.6 2.1 9.6 1.2 1.1 7.4	RWAe applying equity factor (£bn)	5.7	2.1	9.5	1.3	1.1	7.3
Operating profit (£m) 539 3 264 75 101 362 Adjustment for tax (£m) (151) - (74) (21) (14) (101) Preference share cost allocation (£m) (18) - (41) (4) - (30) Adjusted attributable profit (£m) 370 3 149 50 87 231 Annualised adjusted attributable profit (£m) 1,480 12 596 199 345 326 Adjustment for Alawwal bank merger gain (£m) - - - - - - (598) Annualised adjusted attributable profit (£m) 1,480 12 596 199 345 326 Average RWAe (£bn) 37.2 14.3 80.1 9.6 7.0 49.1 Equity factor 15.0% 15.0% 15.0% 12.0% 13.0% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.6 2.1 9.6 1.2 1.1 7.4 Return on equity		(26.8%)	5.8%	8.4%	16.8%	26.0%	(8.7%)
Operating profit (£m) 539 3 264 75 101 362 Adjustment for tax (£m) (151) - (74) (21) (14) (101) Preference share cost allocation (£m) (18) - (41) (4) - (30) Adjusted attributable profit (£m) 370 3 149 50 87 231 Annualised adjusted attributable profit (£m) 1,480 12 596 199 345 326 Adjustment for Alawwal bank merger gain (£m) - - - - - - (598) Annualised adjusted attributable profit (£m) 1,480 12 596 199 345 326 Average RWAe (£bn) 37.2 14.3 80.1 9.6 7.0 49.1 Equity factor 15.0% 15.0% 15.0% 12.0% 13.0% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.6 2.1 9.6 1.2 1.1 7.4 Return on equity	-		-		•	•	
Adjustment for tax £m) (151) - (74) (21) (14) (101) Preference share cost allocation £m) (18) - (41) (4) - (30) Adjusted attributable profit £m) 370 3 149 50 87 231 Annualised adjusted attributable profit £m) 1,480 12 596 199 345 924 Adjustment for Alawwal bank merger gain £m) (598) Annualised adjusted attributable profit £m) 1,480 12 596 199 345 326 Average RWAe £bn) 37.2 14.3 80.1 9.6 7.0 49.1 Equity factor 15.0% 15.0% 12.0% 13.0% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor £bn) 5.6 2.1 9.6 1.2 1.1 7.4 Return on equity 26.5% 0.6% 6.2% 15.9% 30.8% 4.4% Preference share cost allocation £m) (20) - (47) (6) (4) (27) Adjusted attributable profit/(loss) £m) 248 (76) 245 55 75 36 Annualised adjusted attributable profit/(loss) £m) 34.0 17.1 85.5 9.4 6.9 52.5 Equity factor £bn) 34.0 17.1 85.5 9.4 6.9 52.5 Equity factor £bn) 34.0 17.1 85.5 9.4 6.9 52.5 Equity factor £bn) 34.0 17.1 85.5 9.4 6.9 52.5 Equity factor £bn) 5.1 2.4 10.3 1.3 1.1 7.9	Quarter ended 30 June 2019						
Preference share cost allocation (£m) (18) - (41) (4) - (30) Adjusted attributable profit (£m) 370 3 149 50 87 231 Annualised adjusted attributable profit (£m) 1,480 12 596 199 345 924 Adjustment for Alawwal bank merger gain (£m) - - - - - - (598) Annualised adjusted attributable profit (£m) 1,480 12 596 199 345 326 Average RWAe (£bn) 37.2 14.3 80.1 9.6 7.0 49.1 Equity factor 15.0% 15.0% 12.0% 13.0% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.6 2.1 9.6 1.2 1.1 7.4 Return on equity 26.5% 0.6% 6.2% 15.9% 30.8% 4.4% Quarter ended 30 September 2018* 372 (76) 406 84 92 87 Adjustment for tax (£m) (104) </td <td>Operating profit (£m)</td> <td>539</td> <td>3</td> <td>264</td> <td>75</td> <td>101</td> <td>362</td>	Operating profit (£m)	539	3	264	75	101	362
Adjusted attributable profit (£m) 370 3 149 50 87 231 Annualised adjusted attributable profit (£m) 1,480 12 596 199 345 924 Adjustment for Alawwal bank merger gain (£m) (598) Annualised adjusted attributable profit (£m) 1,480 12 596 199 345 326 Average RWAe (£bn) 37.2 14.3 80.1 9.6 7.0 49.1 Equity factor 15.0% 15.0% 12.0% 13.0% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.6 2.1 9.6 1.2 1.1 7.4 Return on equity 26.5% 0.6% 6.2% 15.9% 30.8% 4.4% Quarter ended 30 September 2018* Operating profit/(loss) (£m) 372 (76) 406 84 92 87 Adjustment for tax (£m) (104) - (114) (24) (13) (24) Preference share cost allocation (£m) (20) - (47) (6) (4) (27) Adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 991 (304) 981 219 299 142 Average RWAe (£bn) 34.0 17.1 85.5 9.4 6.9 52.5 Equity factor (£bn) 5.1 2.4 10.3 1.3 1.1 7.9	Adjustment for tax (£m)	(151)	-	(74)	(21)	(14)	(101)
Annualised adjusted attributable profit (£m)	Preference share cost allocation (£m)	(18)	-	(41)	(4)	-	(30)
Adjustment for Alawwal bank merger gain (£m)	Adjusted attributable profit (£m)	370	3	149	50	87	231
Annualised adjusted attributable profit (£m)	Annualised adjusted attributable profit (£m)	1,480	12	596	199	345	924
Average RWAe (£bn) 37.2 14.3 80.1 9.6 7.0 49.1 Equity factor 15.0% 15.0% 15.0% 12.0% 13.0% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.6 2.1 9.6 1.2 1.1 7.4 Return on equity 26.5% 0.6% 6.2% 15.9% 30.8% 4.4% Operating profit/(loss) (£m) 372 (76) 406 84 92 87 Adjustment for tax (£m) (104) - (114) (24) (13) (24) Preference share cost allocation (£m) (20) - (47) (6) (4) (27) Adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 248 (76) 245 55 75 36 Annualised adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 34.0 17.1 85.5 9.4 6.9 52.5 Equity factor (£bn) 5.1 2.4 10.3 1.3 1.1 7.9	Adjustment for Alawwal bank merger gain (£m)	-	-	-	-	-	(598)
Equity factor 15.0% 15.0% 12.0% 13.0% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.6 2.1 9.6 1.2 1.1 7.4 Return on equity 26.5% 0.6% 6.2% 15.9% 30.8% 4.4% Quarter ended 30 September 2018* Operating profit/(loss) (£m) 372 (76) 406 84 92 87 Adjustment for tax (£m) (104) - (114) (24) (13) (24) Preference share cost allocation (£m) (20) - (47) (6) (4) (27) Adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 248 (76) 245 55 75 36 Annualised adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 991 (304) 981 219 299 142 Average RWAe (£bn) 34.0 17.1 85.5 9.4 6.9 52.5 Equity factor 15.0% 14.0% 12.0% 13.5% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.1 2.4 10.3 1.3 1.1 7.9	Annualised adjusted attributable profit (£m)	1,480	12	596	199	345	326
RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.6 2.1 9.6 1.2 1.1 7.4 Return on equity 26.5% 0.6% 6.2% 15.9% 30.8% 4.4% Quarter ended 30 September 2018* Operating profit/(loss) (£m) 372 (76) 406 84 92 87 Adjustment for tax (£m) (104) - (114) (24) (13) (24) Preference share cost allocation (£m) (20) - (47) (6) (4) (27) Adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 248 (76) 245 55 75 36 Annualised adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 991 (304) 981 219 299 142 Average RWAe (£bn) 34.0 17.1 85.5 9.4 6.9 52.5 Equity factor 15.0% 14.0% 12.0% 13.5% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.1 2.4 10.3 1.3 1.1 7.9	Average RWAe (£bn)	37.2	14.3	80.1	9.6	7.0	49.1
Return on equity 26.5% 0.6% 6.2% 15.9% 30.8% 4.4% Quarter ended 30 September 2018* Operating profit/(loss) (£m) 372 (76) 406 84 92 87 Adjustment for tax (£m) (104) - (114) (24) (13) (24) Preference share cost allocation (£m) (20) - (47) (6) (4) (27) Adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 248 (76) 245 55 75 36 Annualised adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 991 (304) 981 219 299 142 Average RWAe (£bn) 34.0 17.1 85.5 9.4 6.9 52.5 Equity factor 15.0% 14.0% 12.0% 13.5% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.1 2.4 10.3 1.3 1.1 7.9	Equity factor	15.0%	15.0%	12.0%	13.0%	16.0%	15.0%
Quarter ended 30 September 2018* Operating profit/(loss) (£m) 372 (76) 406 84 92 87 Adjustment for tax (£m) (104) - (114) (24) (13) (24) Preference share cost allocation (£m) (20) - (47) (6) (4) (27) Adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 248 (76) 245 55 75 36 Annualised adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 991 (304) 981 219 299 142 Average RWAe (£bn) 34.0 17.1 85.5 9.4 6.9 52.5 Equity factor 15.0% 14.0% 12.0% 13.5% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.1 2.4 10.3 1.3 1.1 7.9	RWAe applying equity factor (£bn)	5.6	2.1	9.6	1.2	1.1	7.4
Operating profit/(loss) (£m) 372 (76) 406 84 92 87 Adjustment for tax (£m) (104) - (114) (24) (13) (24) Preference share cost allocation (£m) (20) - (47) (6) (4) (27) Adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 248 (76) 245 55 75 36 Annualised adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 991 (304) 981 219 299 142 Average RWAe (£bn) 34.0 17.1 85.5 9.4 6.9 52.5 Equity factor 15.0% 14.0% 12.0% 13.5% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.1 2.4 10.3 1.3 1.1 7.9	Return on equity	26.5%	0.6%	6.2%	15.9%	30.8%	4.4%
Operating profit/(loss) (£m) 372 (76) 406 84 92 87 Adjustment for tax (£m) (104) - (114) (24) (13) (24) Preference share cost allocation (£m) (20) - (47) (6) (4) (27) Adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 248 (76) 245 55 75 36 Annualised adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 991 (304) 981 219 299 142 Average RWAe (£bn) 34.0 17.1 85.5 9.4 6.9 52.5 Equity factor 15.0% 14.0% 12.0% 13.5% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.1 2.4 10.3 1.3 1.1 7.9		•				·	
Adjustment for tax (£m) (104) - (114) (24) (13) (24) Preference share cost allocation (£m) (20) - (47) (6) (4) (27) Adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 248 (76) 245 55 75 36 Annualised adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 991 (304) 981 219 299 142 Average RWAe (£bn) 34.0 17.1 85.5 9.4 6.9 52.5 Equity factor 15.0% 14.0% 12.0% 13.5% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.1 2.4 10.3 1.3 1.1 7.9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Preference share cost allocation (£m) (20) - (47) (6) (4) (27) Adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 248 (76) 245 55 75 36 Annualised adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 991 (304) 981 219 299 142 Average RWAe (£bn) 34.0 17.1 85.5 9.4 6.9 52.5 Equity factor 15.0% 14.0% 12.0% 13.5% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.1 2.4 10.3 1.3 1.1 7.9	1 01 ()()	~·-	(76)				
Adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 248 (76) 245 55 75 36 Annualised adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 991 (304) 981 219 299 142 Average RWAe (£bn) 34.0 17.1 85.5 9.4 6.9 52.5 Equity factor 15.0% 14.0% 12.0% 13.5% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.1 2.4 10.3 1.3 1.1 7.9	, ,		-	` ,		` ,	
Annualised adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m) 991 (304) 981 219 299 142 Average RWAe (£bn) 34.0 17.1 85.5 9.4 6.9 52.5 Equity factor 15.0% 14.0% 12.0% 13.5% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.1 2.4 10.3 1.3 1.1 7.9		· ',			· ',		. ,
Average RWAe (£bn) 34.0 17.1 85.5 9.4 6.9 52.5 Equity factor 15.0% 14.0% 12.0% 13.5% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.1 2.4 10.3 1.3 1.1 7.9	Adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m)	248	(76)	245	55	75	36
Equity factor 15.0% 14.0% 12.0% 13.5% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.1 2.4 10.3 1.3 1.1 7.9	Annualised adjusted attributable profit/(loss) (£m)	991	(304)	981	219	299	142
Equity factor 15.0% 14.0% 12.0% 13.5% 16.0% 15.0% RWAe applying equity factor (£bn) 5.1 2.4 10.3 1.3 1.1 7.9	Average RWAe (£bn)	34.0	17.1	85.5	9.4	6.9	52.5
		15.0%	14.0%	12.0%	13.5%	16.0%	15.0%
Return on equity 19.4% (12.7%) 9.6% 17.3% 26.9% 1.8%	RWAe applying equity factor (£bn)	5.1	2.4	10.3	1.3	1.1	7.9
	Return on equity	19.4%	(12.7%)	9.6%	17.3%	26.9%	1.8%

^{*} Restated. Refer to Note 1 for further details.

II. Operating expenses analysis

Statutory analysis (1,2)

	Nine mont	hs ended			
	30 September	30 September	30 September	30 June	30 September
	2019	2018	2019	2019	2018
Operating expenses	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Staff expenses	3,028	3,108	1,000	1,017	1,022
Premises and equipment	823	972	265	293	328
Other administrative expenses	2,085	2,521	1,222	445	885
Administrative expenses	5,936	6,601	2,487	1,755	2,235
Depreciation and amortisation	853	544	232	377	206
Write-down of other intangible assets	9	31	(21)	30	-
Total operating expenses	6,798	7,176	2,698	2,162	2,441

Non-statutory analysis

• •	Nine mont	hs ended			
	30 September	30 September	30 September	30 June	30 September
	2019	2018	2019	2019	2018
Operating expenses	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Staff expenses	2,732	2,790	891	905	887
Premises and equipment	730	872	237	245	298
Other administrative expenses	1,078	1,164	405	318	404
Strategic costs (1)	844	649	215	434	299
Litigation and conduct costs (2)	810	1,190	750	55	389
Administrative expenses	6,194	6,665	2,498	1,957	2,277
Depreciation and amortisation	620	480	221	200	164
Write-down of other intangible assets	(16)	31	(21)	5	-
Total	6,798	7,176	2,698	2,162	2,441

Notes:

III. Cost:income ratio

	Personal 8	& Ulster	Commercial 8	& Private				
	UK	Ulster						
	Personal	Bank	Commercial	Private	RBS	NatWest	Central items	RBS
Nine months ended	Banking	Rol	Banking	Banking	International	Markets	& other	Group
30 September 2019	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Operating expenses	(2,830)	(412)	(1,900)	(351)	(181)	(1,026)	(98)	(6,798)
Operating lease depreciation	-	-	103	-	-	-	-	103
Adjusted operating expenses	(2,830)	(412)	(1,797)	(351)	(181)	(1,026)	(98)	(6,695)
Total income	3,671	428	3,242	582	460	1,092	545	10,020
Operating lease depreciation	-	-	(103)	-	-	-	-	(103)
Adjusted total income	3,671	428	3,139	582	460	1,092	545	9,917
Cost:income ratio	77.1%	96.3%	57.2%	60.3%	39.3%	94.0%	nm	67.5%
Nine months ended								
30 September 2018								
Operating expenses	(2,110)	(419)	(1,723)	(335)	(174)	(1,149)	(1,266)	(7,176)
Operating lease depreciation	-	-	89	-	-	-	-	89
Adjusted operating expenses	(2,110)	(419)	(1,634)	(335)	(174)	(1,149)	(1,266)	(7,087)
Total income	3,808	463	3,486	577	439	1,290	281	10,344
Operating lease depreciation	-	-	(89)	-	-	-	-	(89)
Adjusted total income	3,808	463	3,397	577	439	1,290	281	10,255
Cost:income ratio	55.4%	90.5%	48.1%	58.1%	39.6%	89.1%	nm	69.1%

^{*} Restated. Refer to Note 1 for further details.

⁽¹⁾ On a statutory, or GAAP, basis, strategic costs are included within staff, premises and equipment, depreciation and amortisation, write-down of other intangible assets and other administrative expenses.

On a statutory, or GAAP, basis, litigation and conduct costs are included within other administrative expenses.

Appendix Non-IFRS performance measures

III. Cost:income ratio continued

	Personal 8	k Ulster	Commercial & Private					
	UK	Ulster						
	Personal	Bank	Commercial	Private	RBS	NatWest	Central items	RBS
	Banking	Rol	Banking	Banking	International	Markets	& other	Group
Quarter ended	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
30 September 2019						·		
Operating expenses	(1,601)	(131)	(638)	(119)	(62)	(348)	201	(2,698)
Operating lease depreciation	-	-	35	-	-	-	-	35
Adjusted operating expenses	(1,601)	(131)	(603)	(119)	(62)	(348)	201	(2,663)
Total income	1,224	145	1,077	198	150	150	(41)	2,903
Operating lease depreciation	-	-	(35)	-	-	-	-	(35)
Adjusted total income	1,224	145	1,042	198	150	150	(41)	2,868
Cost:income ratio	130.8%	90.3%	57.9%	60.1%	41.3%	232.0%	nm	92.9%
30 June 2019								
Operating expenses	(594)	(145)	(622)	(115)	(60)	(344)	(282)	(2,162)
Operating lease depreciation	-	-	34	-	-	-	-	34
Adjusted operating expenses	(594)	(145)	(588)	(115)	(60)	(344)	(282)	(2,128)
Total income	1,202	138	1,083	191	159	686	621	4,080
Operating lease depreciation	-	-	(34)	-	-	-	-	(34)
Adjusted total income	1,202	138	1,049	191	159	686	621	4,046
Cost:income ratio	49.4%	105.1%	56.1%	60.2%	37.7%	50.1%	nm	52.6%
		•			•	·	·	
30 September 2018								
Operating expenses	(819)	(167)	(583)	(110)	(60)	(478)	(224)	(2,441)
Operating lease depreciation	-	-	32	-	-	-	-	32
Adjusted operating expenses	(819)	(167)	(551)	(110)	(60)	(478)	(224)	(2,409)
Total income	1,257	151	1,096	195	155	569	219	3,642
Operating lease depreciation	-	-	(32)	-	-	-	-	(32)
Adjusted total income	1,257	151	1,064	195	155	569	219	3,610
Cost:income ratio	65.2%	110.6%	51.8%	56.4%	38.7%	84.0%	nm	66.7%
* Restated Refer to Note 1 for further	er details							

^{*} Restated. Refer to Note 1 for further details.

IV. Net interest margin

	Nine months ended or as at		Quarte	at	
	30 September	30 September	30 September	30 June	30 September
	2019	2018	2019	2019	2018
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
RBS net interest income	6,010	6,480	2,006	1,971	2,154
NWM net interest income	184	(82)	62	91	(15)
Net interest income excluding NWM	6,194	6,398	2,068	2,062	2,139
Annualised net interest income	8,035	8,664	7,959	7,906	8,546
Annualised net interest income excluding NWM	8,281	8,554	8,205	8,271	8,486
Average interest earning assets (IEA)	445,068	435,218	454,429	444,800	443,092
NWM average IEA	35,065	26,989	38,616	34,436	26,705
Bank average IEA excluding NWM	410,003	408,229	415,813	410,364	416,387
Net interest margin	1.81%	1.99%	1.75%	1.78%	1.93%
Bank net interest margin (RBS NIM excluding NWM)	2.02%	2.10%	1.97%	2.02%	2.04%

V. Loan:deposit ratio

		As at		
	30 September	30 June	31 December	
	2019	2019	2018	
	£bn	£bn	£bn	
Loans to customers - amortised cost	319.5	310.6	305.1	
Customer deposits	369.7	361.6	360.9	
Loan:deposit ratio (%)	86%	86%	85%	

Legal Entity Identifier: 2138005O9XJIJN4JPN90