

# Investor Factbook

10 May 2018



## Key messages

- Strategic plan is working: income up, costs down, capital position stronger
- Reaffirmed 2020 targets 12%+ RoTE and <50% Cost:Income ratio
- Responding to industry change, investing to be less complex, more automated and innovative
- Investment case is clearer and the prospect of shareholder returns is getting closer:
  - £2.2bn FY'17 operating profit before tax and £1.2bn in Q1'18 (up 70% vs. Q1 2017) with Q1 ROTE of 9.3%
  - Memorandum of Understanding with the Trustee of the Main Scheme of the RBS Group Pension Fund
  - Settlement in principle with the US DoJ on RMBS
  - Q1 2018 pro forma CET 1 ratio of 15.1% and TNAV 274p

## 2020 Financial Targets<sup>(1)</sup>

Our strategic plan targets sustainable returns based on...

12%+  
ROTE<sup>(2)</sup>

Sub-50%  
Cost:Income  
Ratio

This will be based off...

CET1 ratio  
above 13%

UK income  
~90%

Retail &  
Commercial  
RWAs ~85%

## Foundations to achieve our targets – Q1'18 progress

### 1 Grow income

- Income up 2.8% vs. Q1 2017 and up 8.0% vs. Q4 2017
- NIM stable vs. Q4 2017 at 204bps

### 2 Cut costs

- Underlying costs down 2% vs. Q1 2017
- £0.4bn or 18% operating expenses reduction vs. Q1 2017

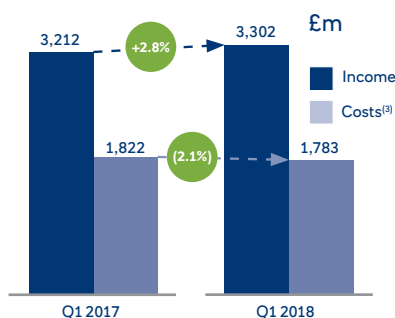
### 3 Reduce RWAs

- RWAs down £2.5bn (ex. Commercial model uplifts) vs. Q4 2017
- CET1 ratio up 50bps vs. Q4 2017 to 16.4%

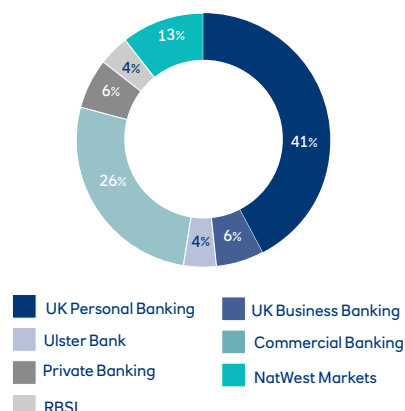
### 4 Resolve legacy issues

- Reached settlement with the New York Attorney General on its RMBS investigation
- DoJ: agreed in principle to pay a civil monetary cash penalty of \$4.9 billion (c. £3.6bn at the current exchange rate)

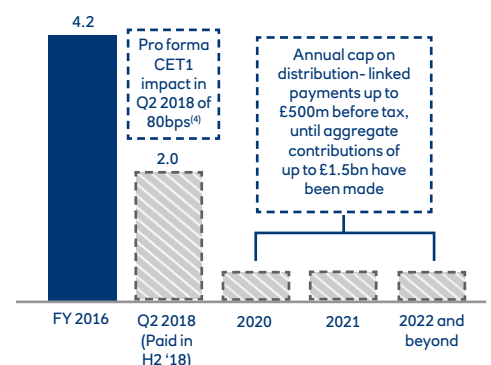
### Q1 2018 JAWS +5% v. Q1 2017



### Q1 2018 income contribution (%)



### Understanding reached with Group Pension Fund Main Scheme Pre-tax contributions, £bn

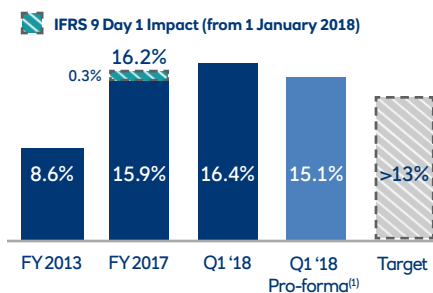


**(1) Forward-looking statements** This document contains targets, expectations and trends which constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and are subject to inherent risks, uncertainties and other factors which are further discussed in RBS's most recent Annual Report, also on Form 20-F and other public filings. The forward-looking statements contained in this document speak only as of the date of this document and RBS does not assume or undertake any obligation or responsibility to update any of the forward-looking statements contained in this document, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except to the extent legally required. **(2)** 12%+ is the non adjusted and 'as reported' target. The targets, expectations and trends in this document represent management's current expectations and are subject to change, including as a result of the factors described in the 'Risk Factors' on p. 372-402 of the Annual Report and Accounts 2017. **(3)** Costs are other costs, not including strategic costs or conduct and litigation costs. **(4)** After-tax impact as at 31 December 2017 which RBS expects to recognise in Q2 2018

# Strategic plan continues to deliver a better financial performance

## Robust capital strength

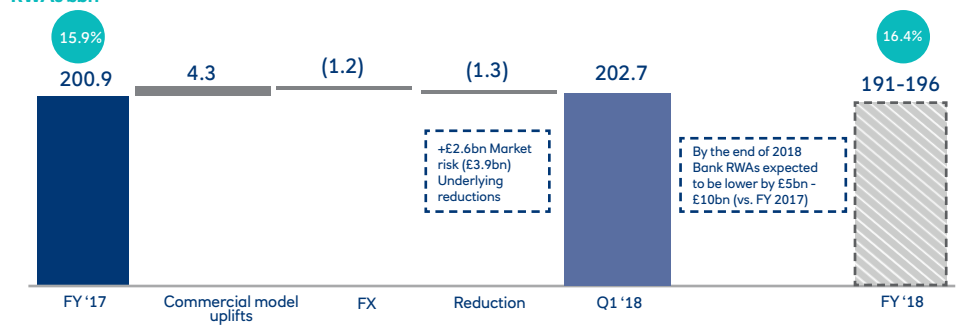
Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio



(1) Adjusting for the combined impact of the DoJ RMBS settlement announced on 10 May '18 and the pension deficit contribution of £2 billion announced on 17 April '18

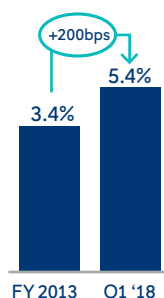
## RWA reduction and capital generation

RWAs £bn



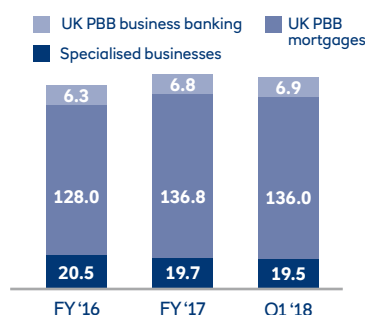
CET1 ratio  
FY 2018 guidance

## CRR Leverage Ratio



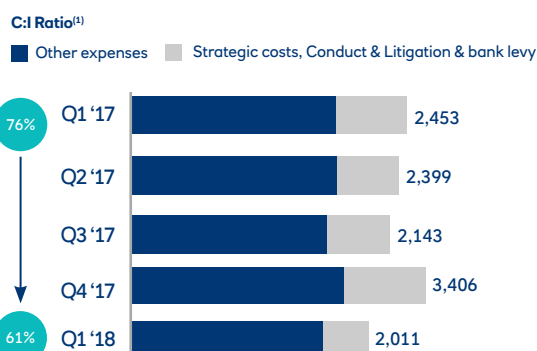
## Lending in key markets

Loans and advances to customers by segment (£bn)



## Strong record on cost reduction

Operating costs<sup>(1)</sup> (£m)



(1) Including operating lease depreciation of Q1 '17 - £36m; Q1 '18 - £31m

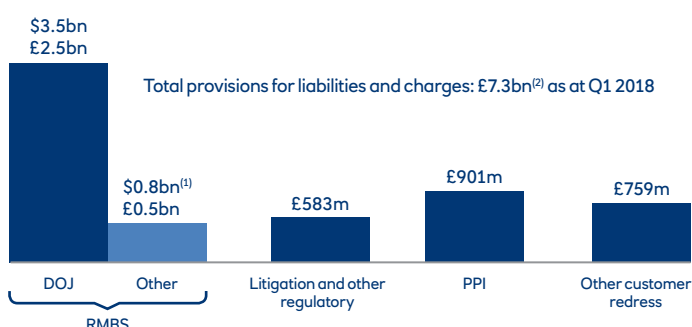
## Q1 2018 results by business

(£bn)	UK PBB	Ulster Bank Rol	Commercial Banking	Private Banking	RBS International	NatWest Markets <sup>(1)</sup>	Central items & other <sup>(2)</sup>	Total RBS
Income	1.6	0.1	0.9	0.2	0.1	0.4	(0.1)	3.3
Operating expenses	(0.8)	(0.1)	(0.4)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.3)	(0.1)	(2.0)
Impairment (losses) / releases	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	-	0.0	0.0	(0.1)
Operating profit	0.7	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	(0.1)	1.2
Funded Assets	190.3	23.4	141.5	20.4	28.0	135.2	50.0	588.7
Net L&A to Customers	160.5	19.0	90.7	13.7	13.1	22.1	0.0	319.1
Customer Deposits	180.4	16.9	93.7	25.3	27.0	14.9	0.1	358.3
RWAs	43.3	16.9	72.4	9.4	7.0	53.1	0.5	202.7
LDR	89%	112%	97%	54%	48%	149%	n.m.	89%
RoE (%) <sup>(3)</sup>	28%	2%	12%	13%	23%	2%	n.m.	9.3%
Cost : Income ratio (%) <sup>(4)</sup>	53%	88%	50%	66%	43%	80%	n.m.	61%

(1) The NatWest Markets operating segment should not be assumed to be the same as the NatWest Markets Plc legal entity or group following completion of the ring fence transfer scheme on 30 April 2018. (2) Central items include unallocated transactions which principally comprise volatile items under IFRS. (3) RBS's CET 1 target is 13% but for the purposes of computing segmental return on equity (ROE), to better reflect the differential drivers of capital usage, segmental operating profit after tax and adjusted for preference dividends is divided by notional equity allocated at different rates of 14% (Ulster Bank Rol - 11% prior to Q1 2017), 11% (Commercial Banking), 13.5% (Private Banking - 14% from Q1 2017 to Q4 2017, 15% prior to Q1 2017), 16% (RBS International - 12% prior to November 2017) and 15% for all other segments, of the monthly average of segmental risk-weighted assets incorporating the effect of capital deductions (RWAs). RBS's Return on equity is calculated using profit/(loss) for the period attributable to ordinary shareholders. (4) Operating lease depreciation included in income.

## Litigation and conduct

End of Q1 2018 provisions (£m)

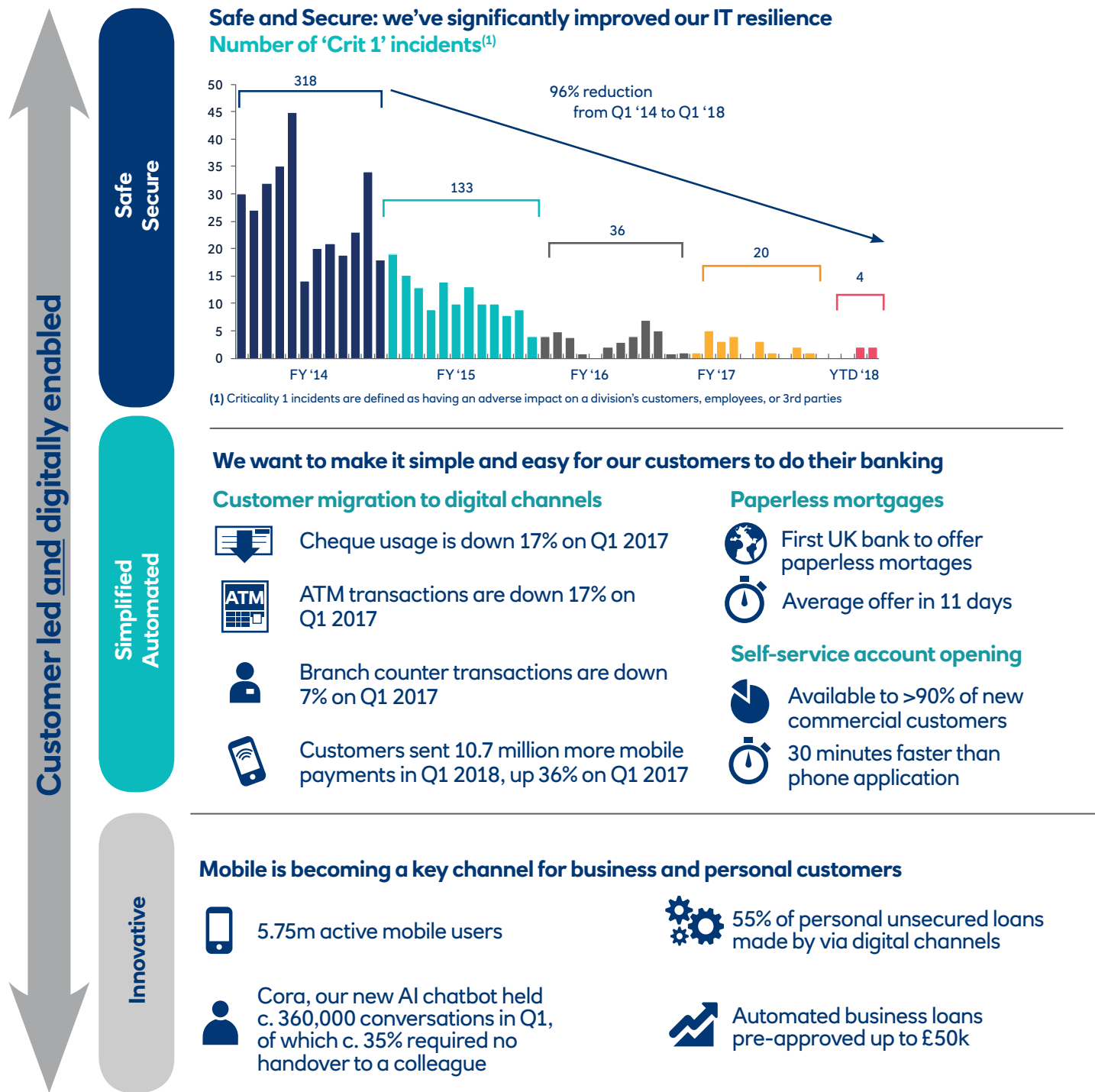


(1) Includes Nomura \$318m (2) Includes 'Other' provisions as per Note 3 of the Q1 2018 Company Announcement

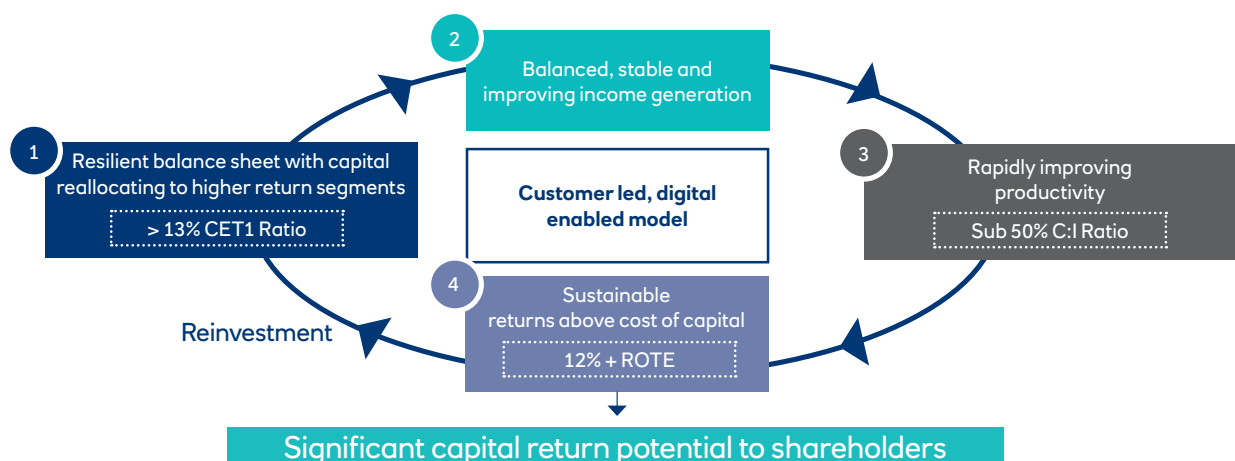
## Comments

US RMBS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reached settlement with the New York Attorney General on its RMBS investigation</li> <li>DoJ: agreed in principle to pay a civil monetary cash penalty of \$4.9 billion (c. £3.6bn at the current exchange rate). Of this amount, \$3.46 billion will be covered by existing provisions with an incremental charge of \$1.44 billion in Q2 2018</li> </ul>
Payment Protection Insurance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>£152m of provisions utilised in the quarter (including Plevin)</li> <li>£901m balance sheet provisions (including Plevin) remaining</li> </ul>

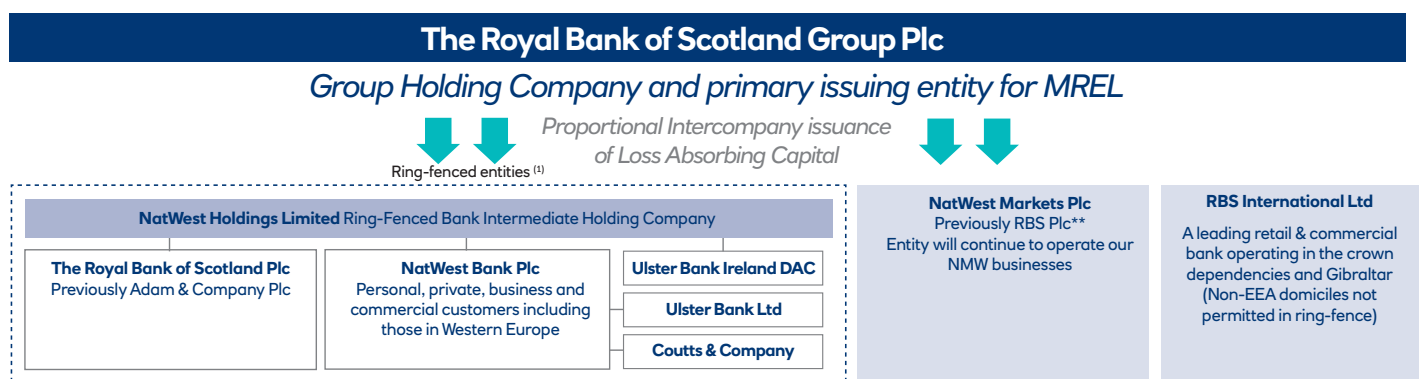
# Three pillars of our digital and innovation strategy



## Our 2020 investment case



# Illustrative future ring-fenced structure



(1) The four licensed deposit taking UK banks: National Westminster Bank Plc, Adam & Company Plc/The Royal Bank of Scotland Plc, Ulster Bank Limited, and Coutts & Co will continue to be party to a Capital Support Deed (CSD). Under the terms of the CSD the banks commit to making surplus capital available to one another. \*\*Most non-NWM customer business to be transferred to Adam & Company Plc in mid-2018.

## Current ratings

	Inside the ring-fence				Outside the ring-fence			
	NatWest Bank Plc	Royal Bank of Scotland Plc	Ulster Bank Ireland DAC	Ulster Bank Ltd	NatWest Markets Plc	NatWest Markets N.V.	NatWest Markets Securities Inc	RBSI
Moody's	A1/Sta <sup>(2)</sup>	A1/Sta <sup>(2)</sup>	Baa1/Sta <sup>(2)</sup>	A1/Sta <sup>(2)</sup>	Baa2/Sta <sup>(3)</sup>	Baa2/Sta <sup>(3)</sup>	NR	NR
S&Ps	BBB+/Pos	BBB+/Pos	BBB+/Pos	BBB+/Pos	BBB+/Sta	BBB+/Sta	BBB+/Sta	BBB+/Pos
Fitch	A-/Sta	A-/Sta	BBB/Sta	A-/Sta	BBB+/Sta	BBB+/Sta	BBB+/Sta	BBB+/Sta

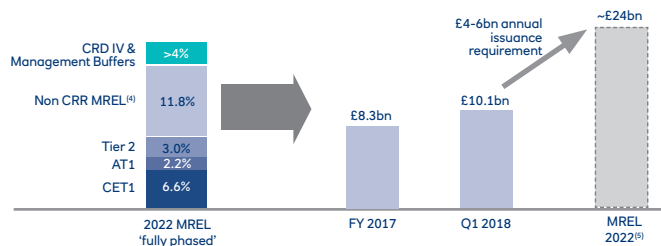
(2) Deposits rating (3) Senior Unsecured Debt rating

## Future issuance requirements and legal entity structure

### On track to meet future MREL<sup>(2)</sup> requirements

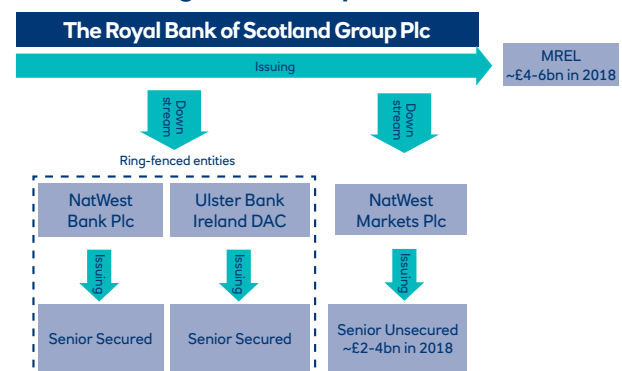
**Future LAC requirement<sup>(1)</sup>**  
Based on BoE May 2017 guidance

**Progress toward future non-CRR MREL<sup>(4)</sup> needs**  
Based on FY 2017 £201bn RWA and static regulatory capital requirements<sup>(3)</sup>



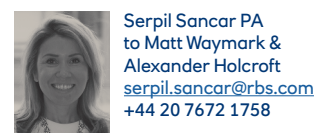
(1) LAC: Loss Absorbing Capital, comprising total MREL and CRDIV buffers. (2) Minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities. (3) Illustrative only, both RWA and future capital requirements subject to change. (4) Non-CRR MREL = Loss Absorbing Capital not required to be met by CRDIV compliant regulatory capital. (5) Based on TLAC 1 Jan 2019 = 16% RWA; MREL 1 Jan 2020 = 2x Pillar 1 and 1x Pillar 2A, MREL 1 Jan 2022 = 2x Pillar 1 and 2x Pillar 2A. Pillar 2A requirement held constant over the period for illustration purposes. For further information on TLAC and MREL, including associated leverage requirements, please refer to 'Capital sufficiency' disclosure in the 2017 Annual Report & Accounts.

### Entities issuing into debt capital markets in 2018



- Issuance requirements take into account ring-fencing and balance sheet composition changes
- HoldCo sole issuing entity for MREL under single point of entry model
- Sterling equivalent Q1&Q2 2018 issuance:
  - £2.1bn HoldCo senior unsecured MREL
  - £2.8bn OpCo senior unsecured
  - £0.8bn UBIDAC RMBS

## Our Investor Relations team is available to support your research



### For investors/analysts:



### For corporate access:

